

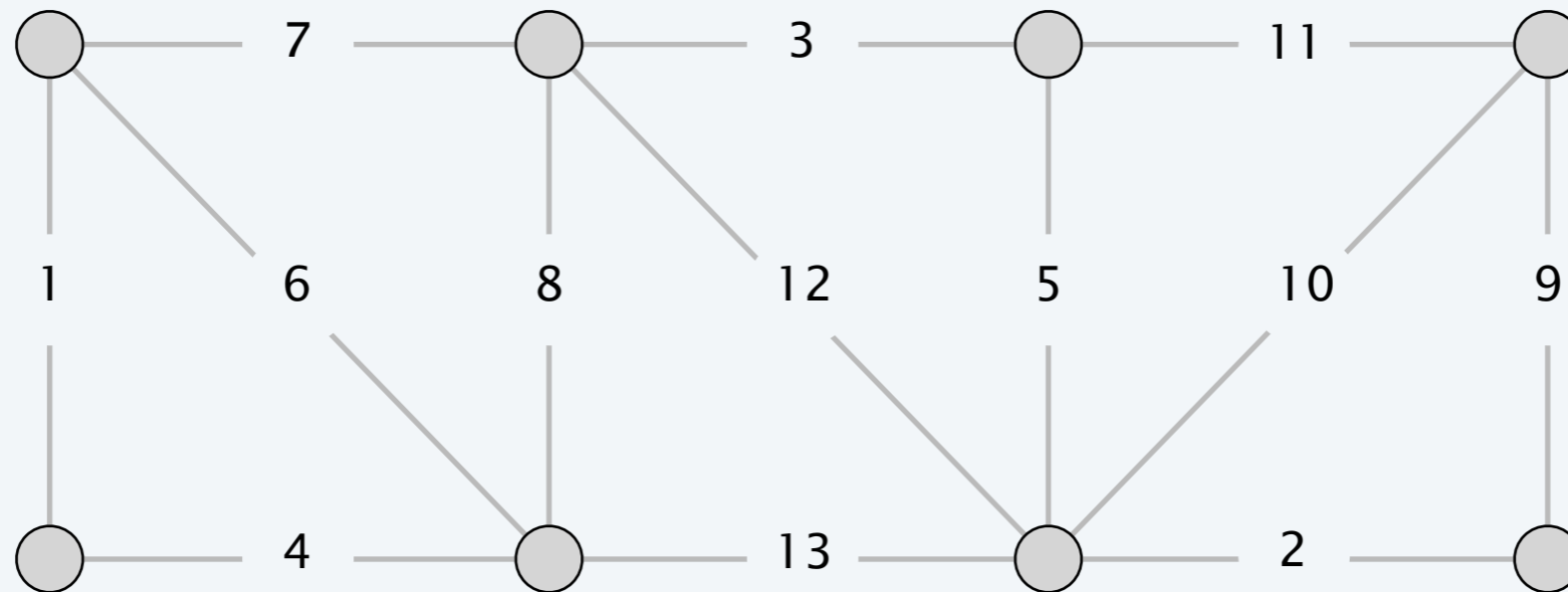
# Prim's algorithm demo

---

Initialize  $S = \text{any node}$ ,  $T = \emptyset$ .

Repeat  $n - 1$  times:

- Add to  $T$  a min-weight edge with one endpoint in  $S$ .
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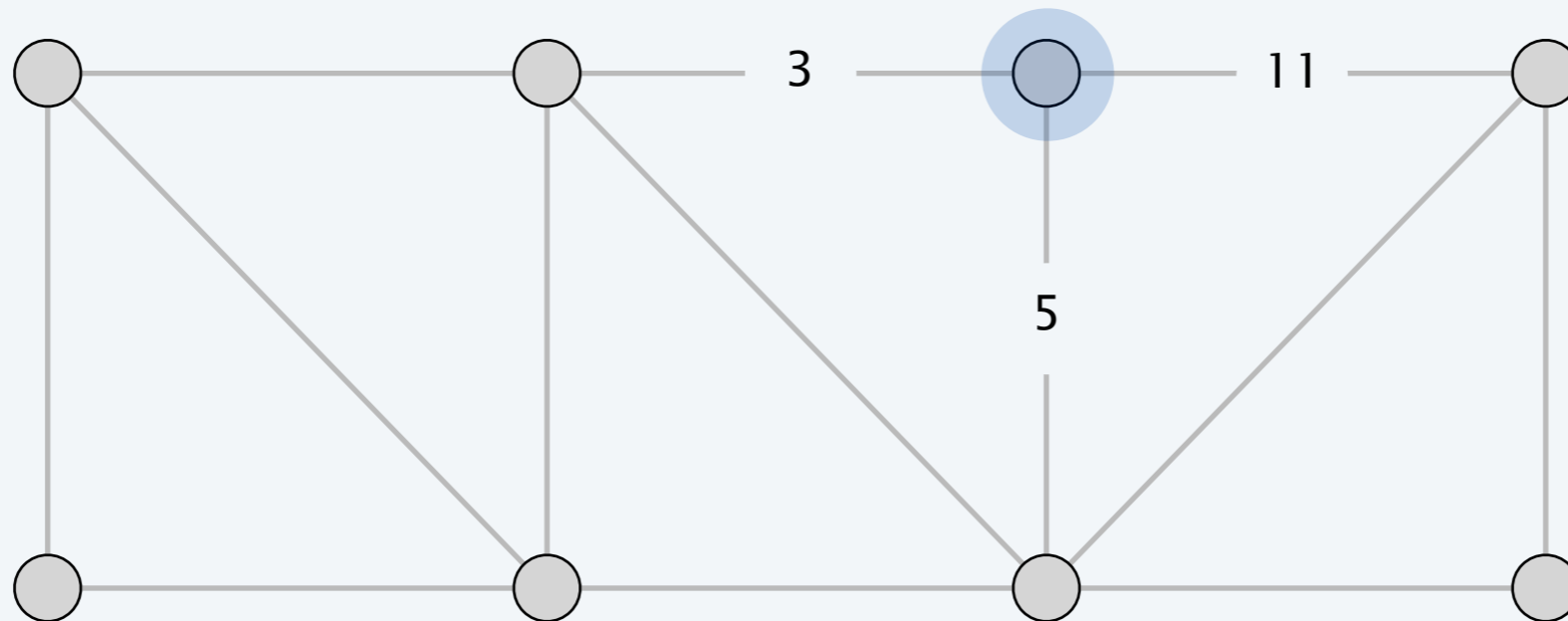
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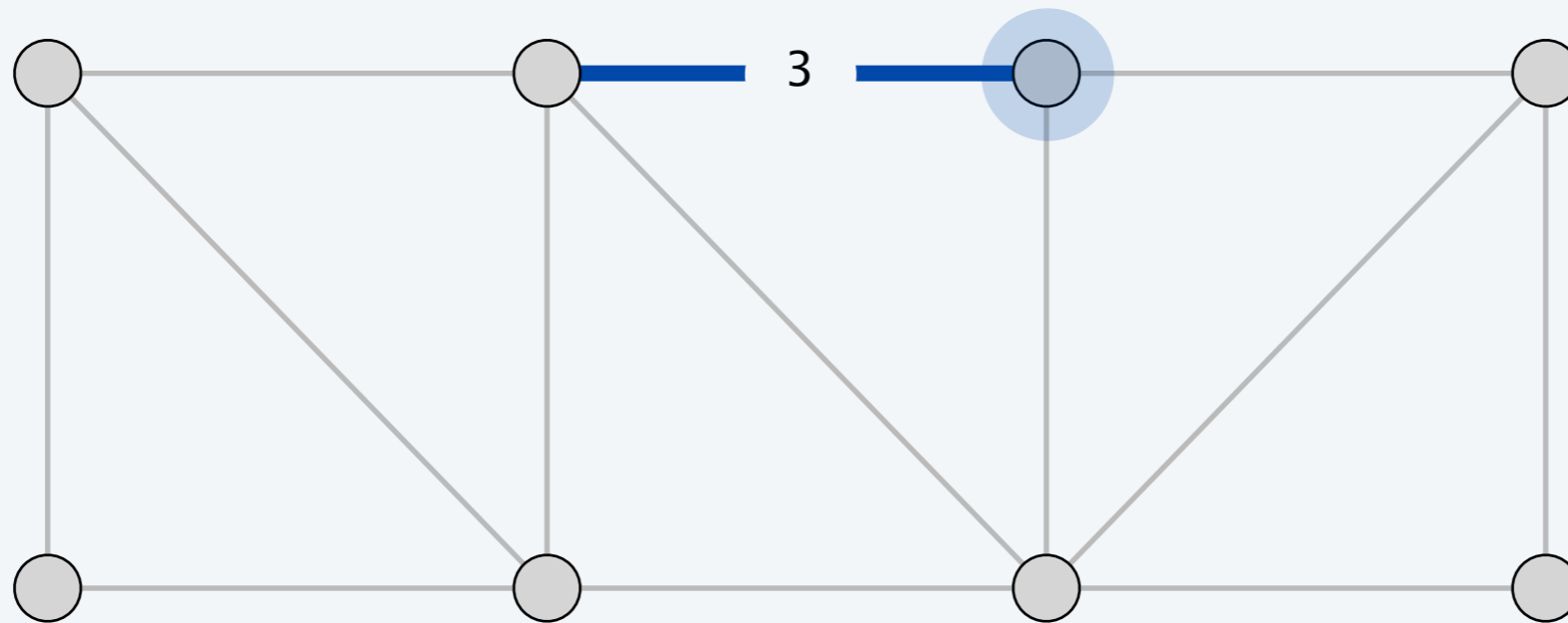
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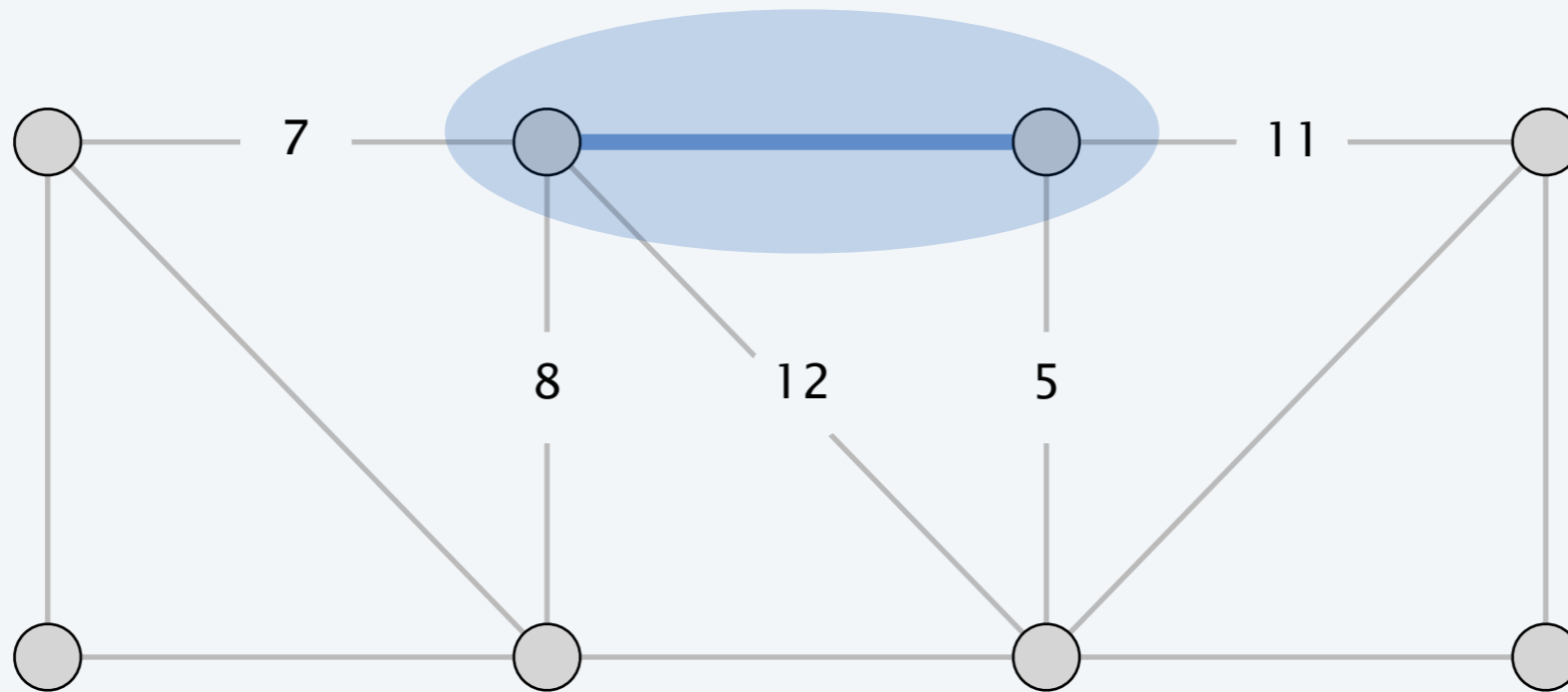
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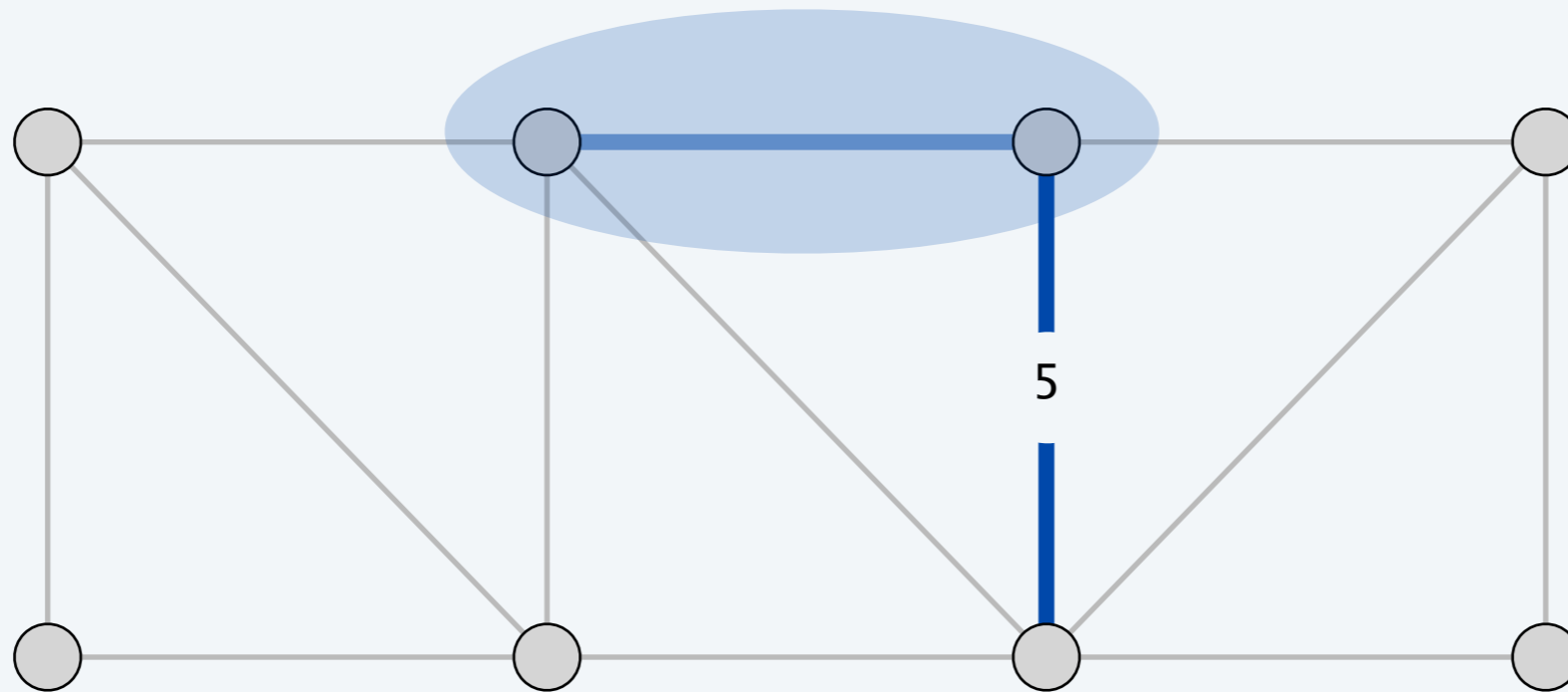
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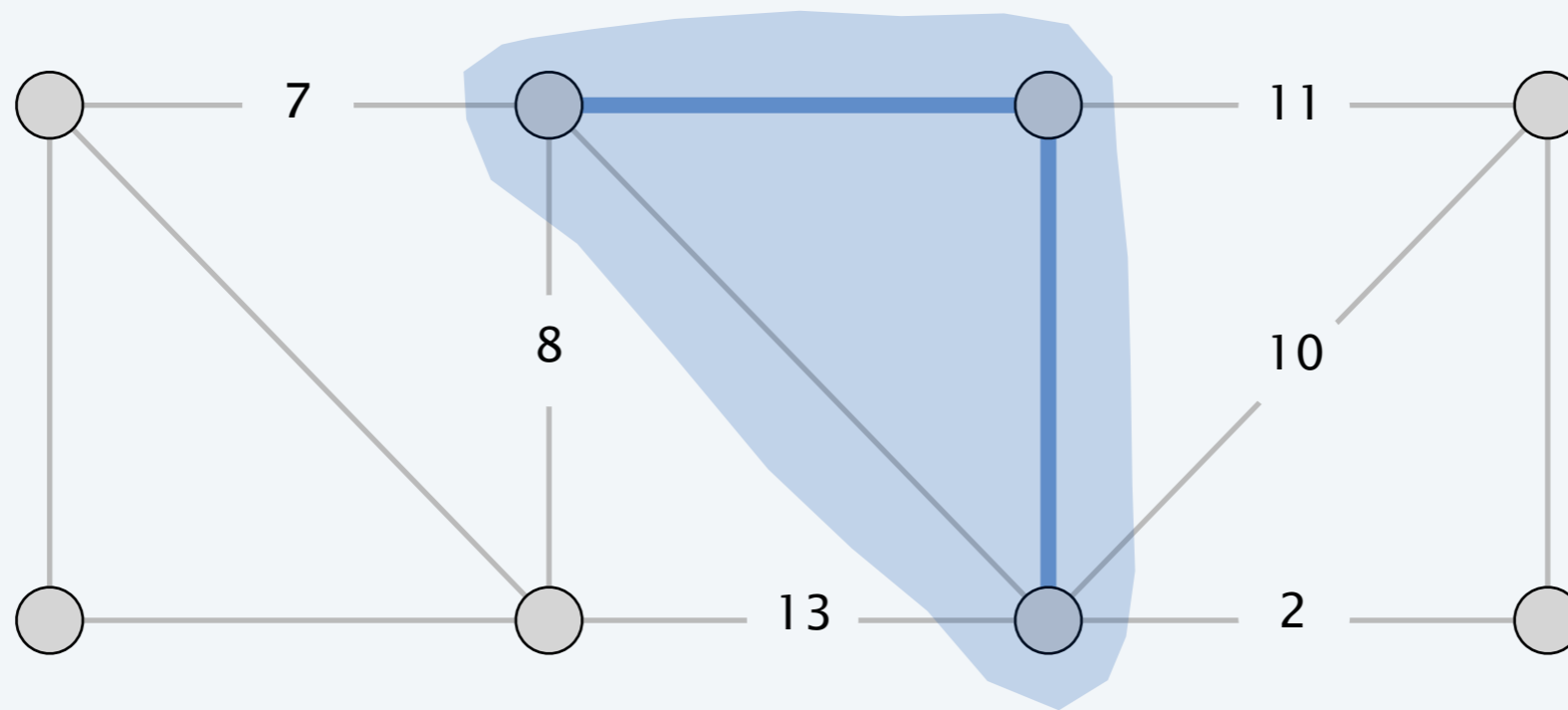
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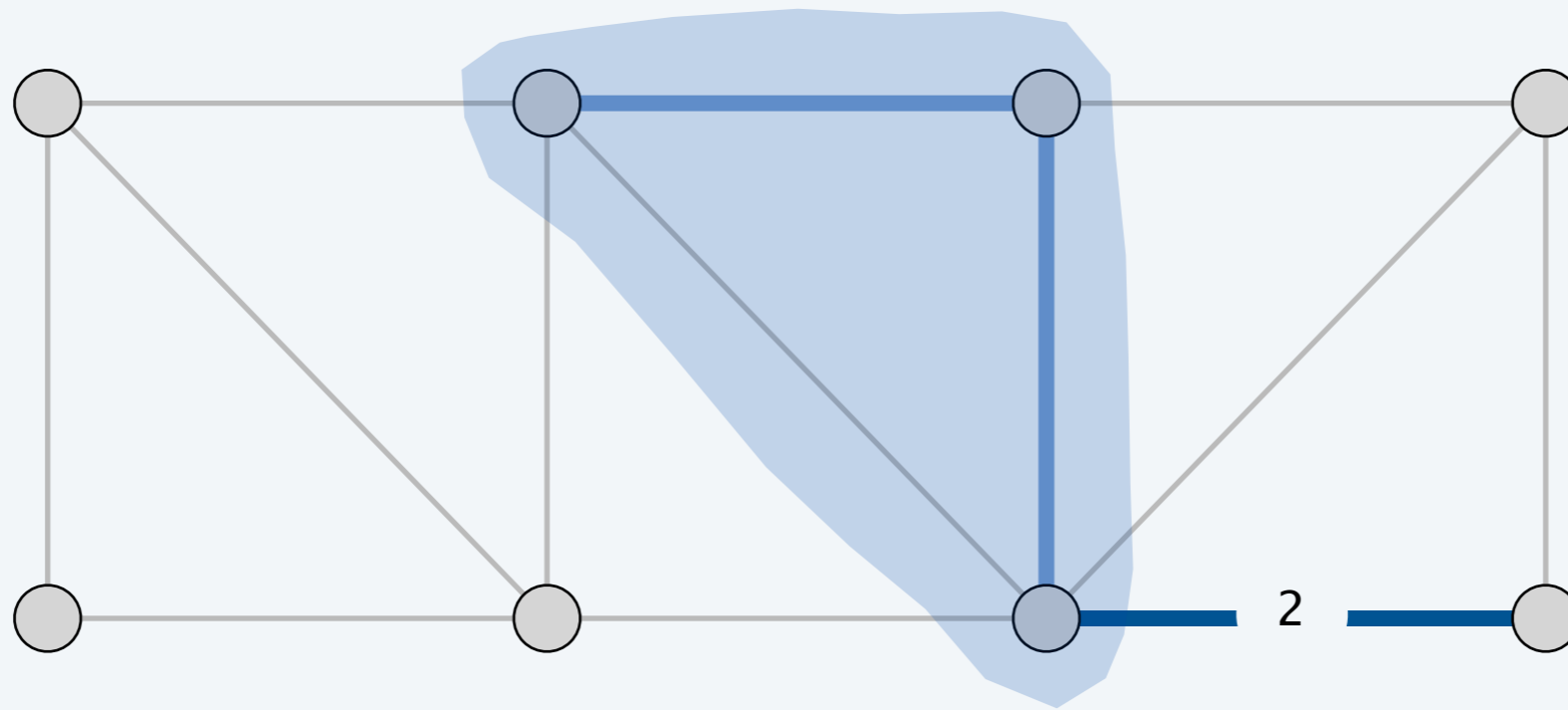
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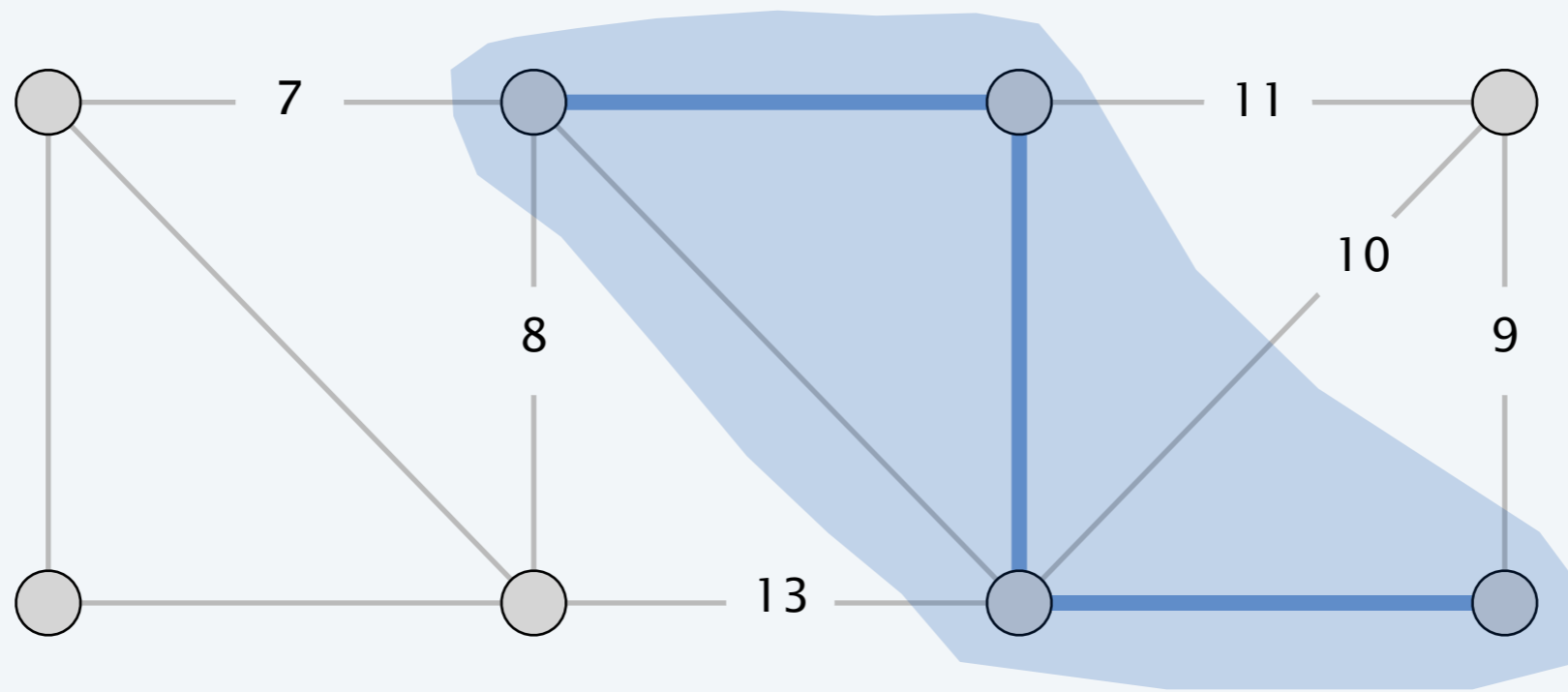
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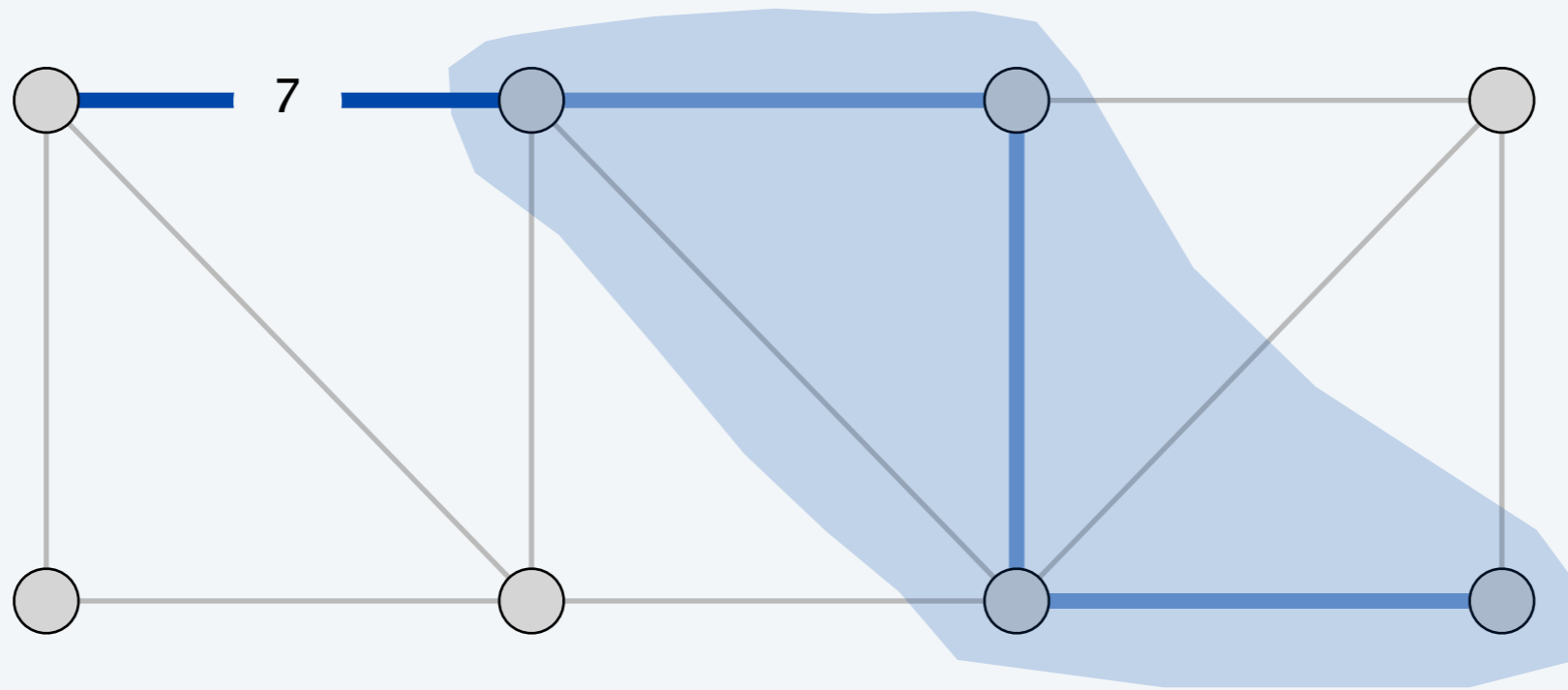
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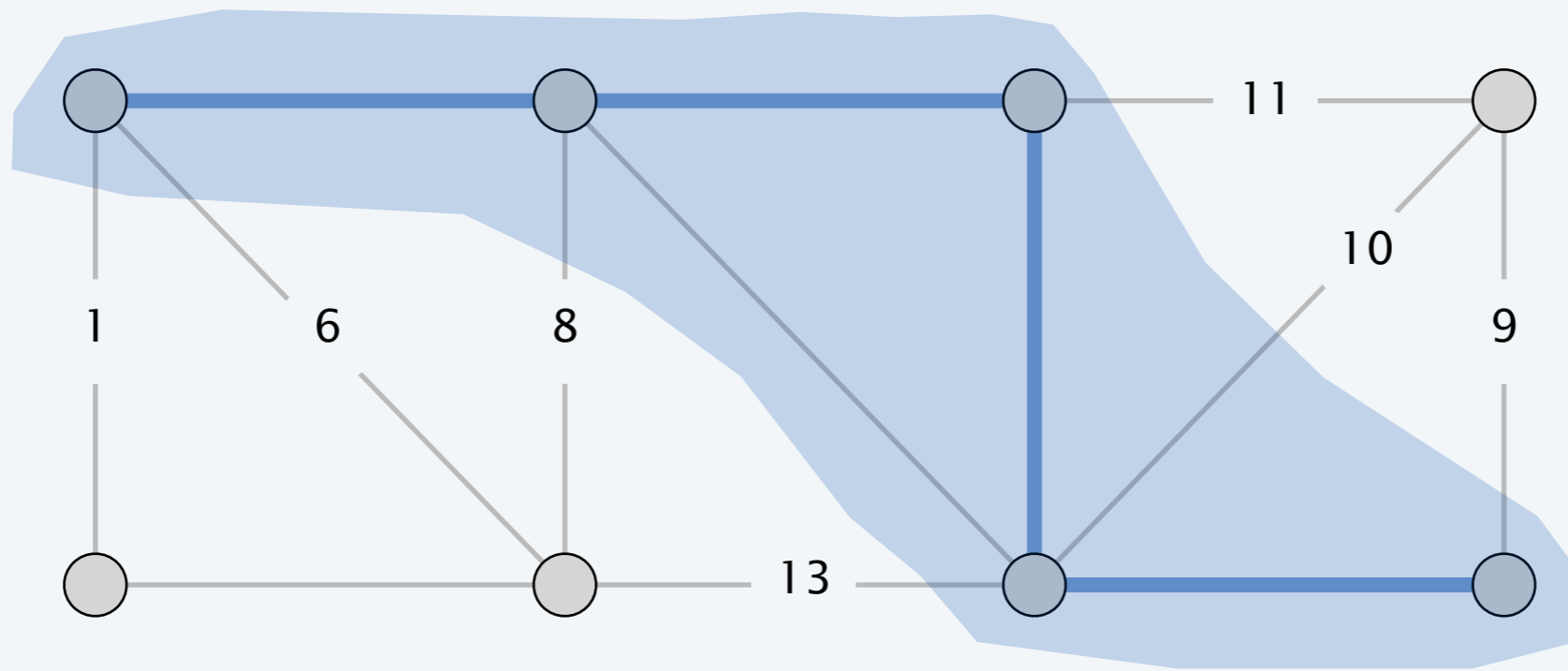
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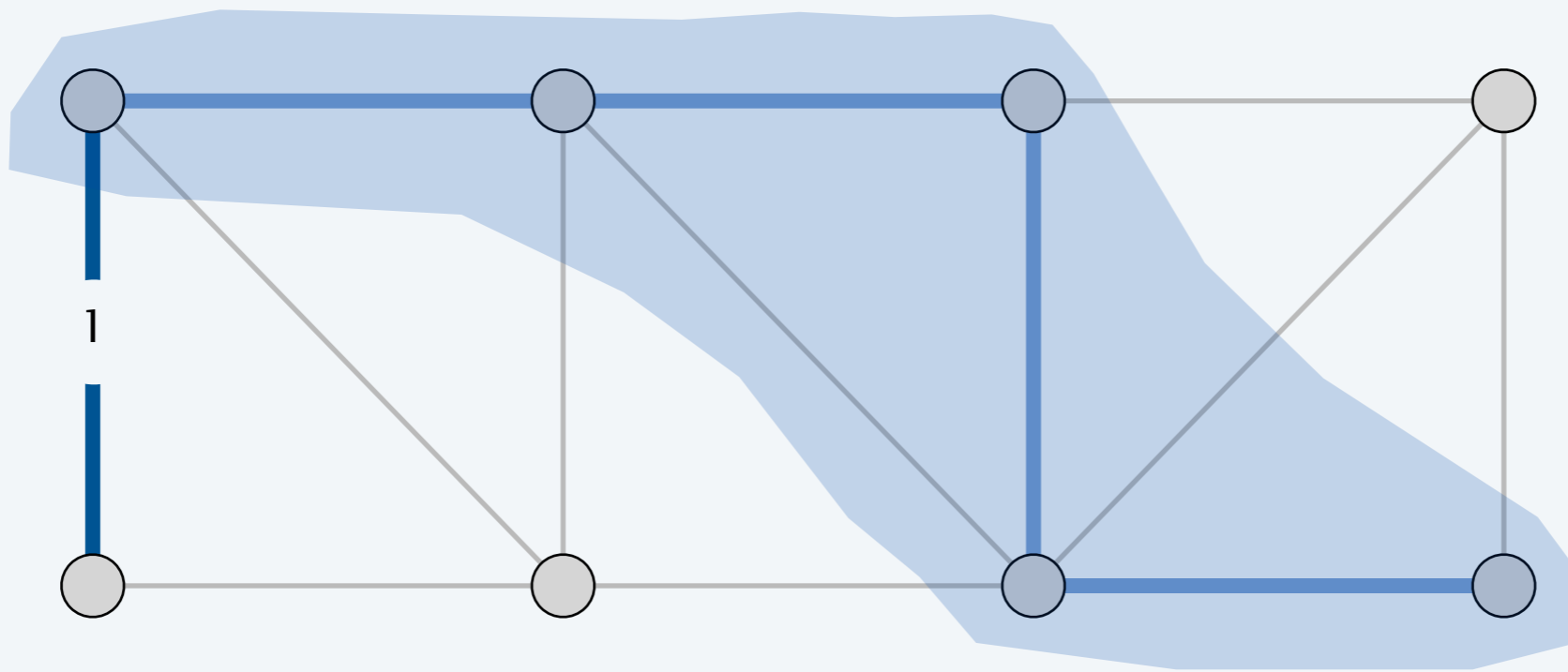
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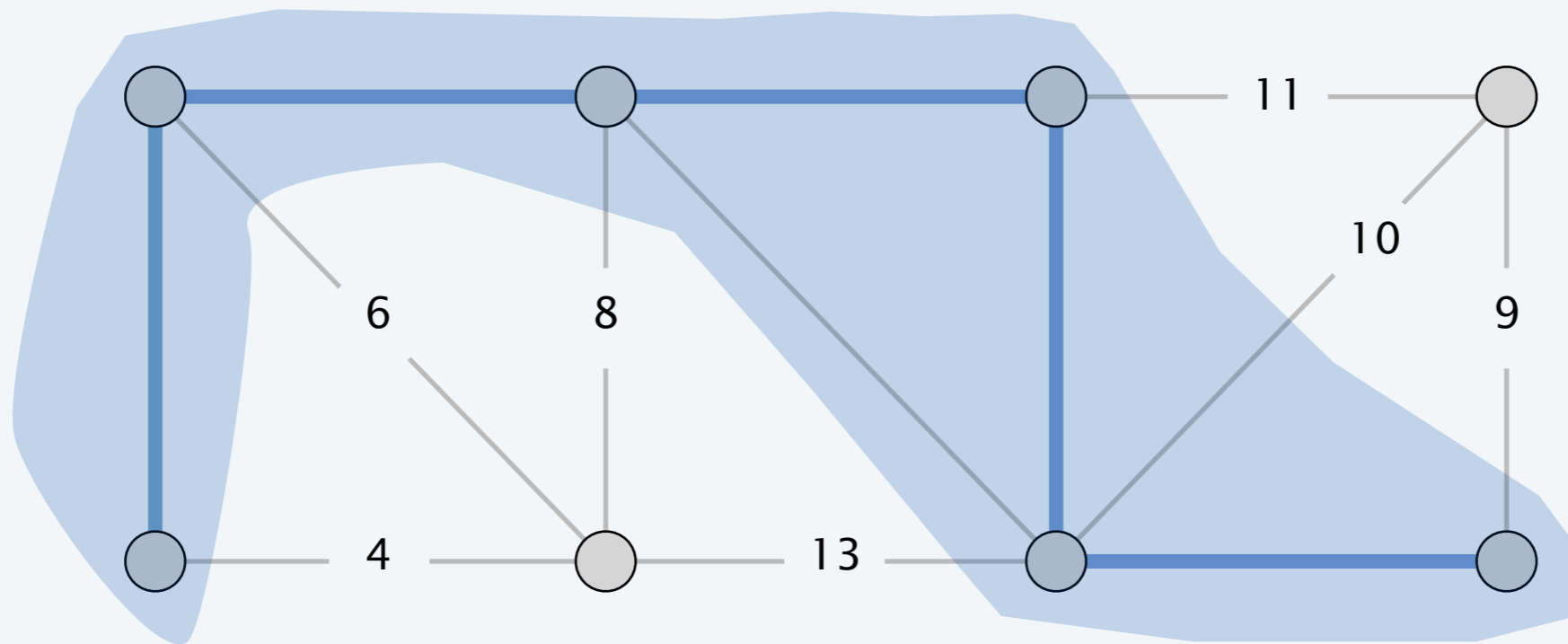
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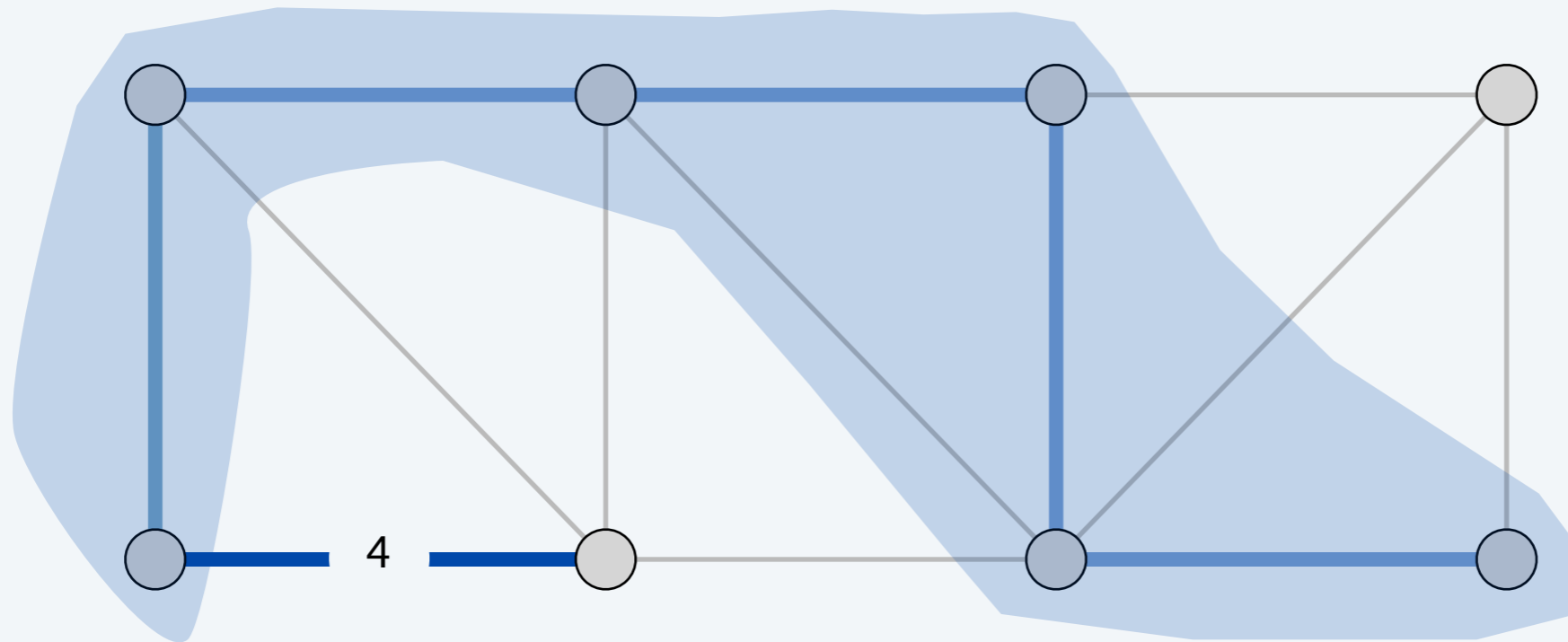
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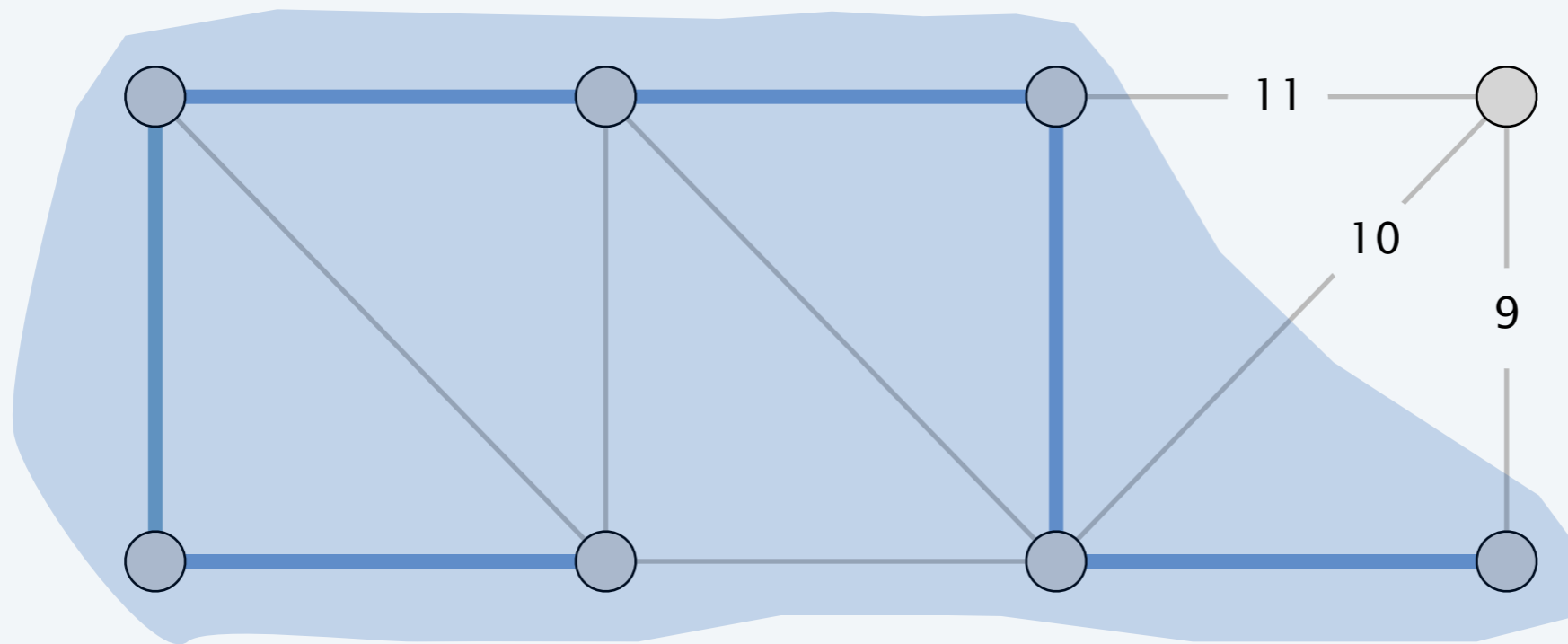
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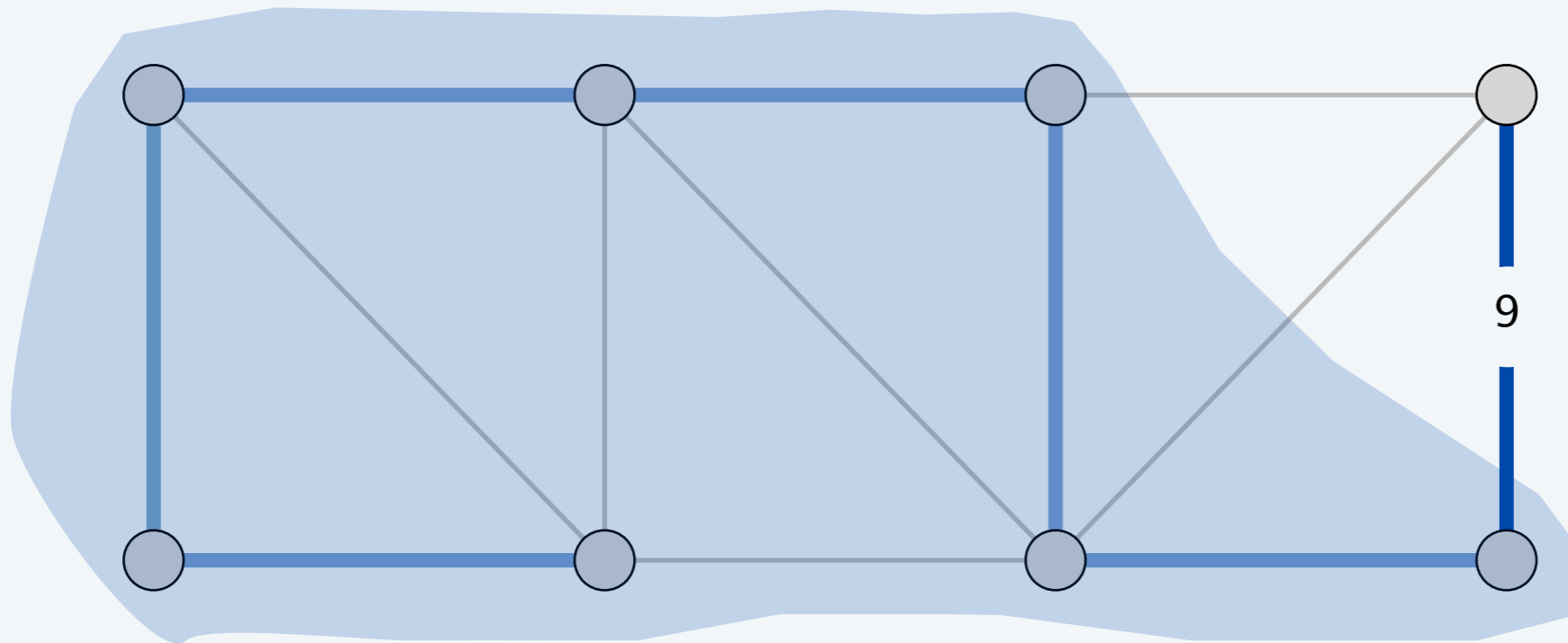
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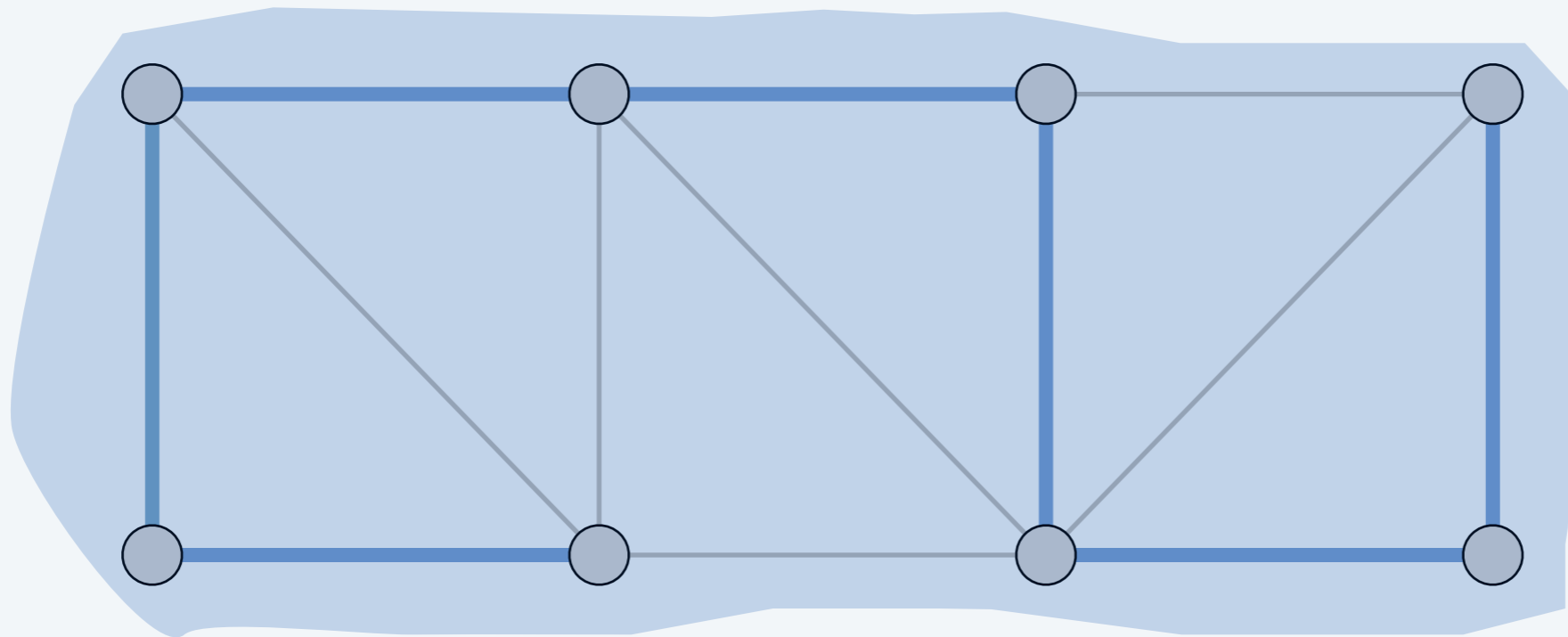
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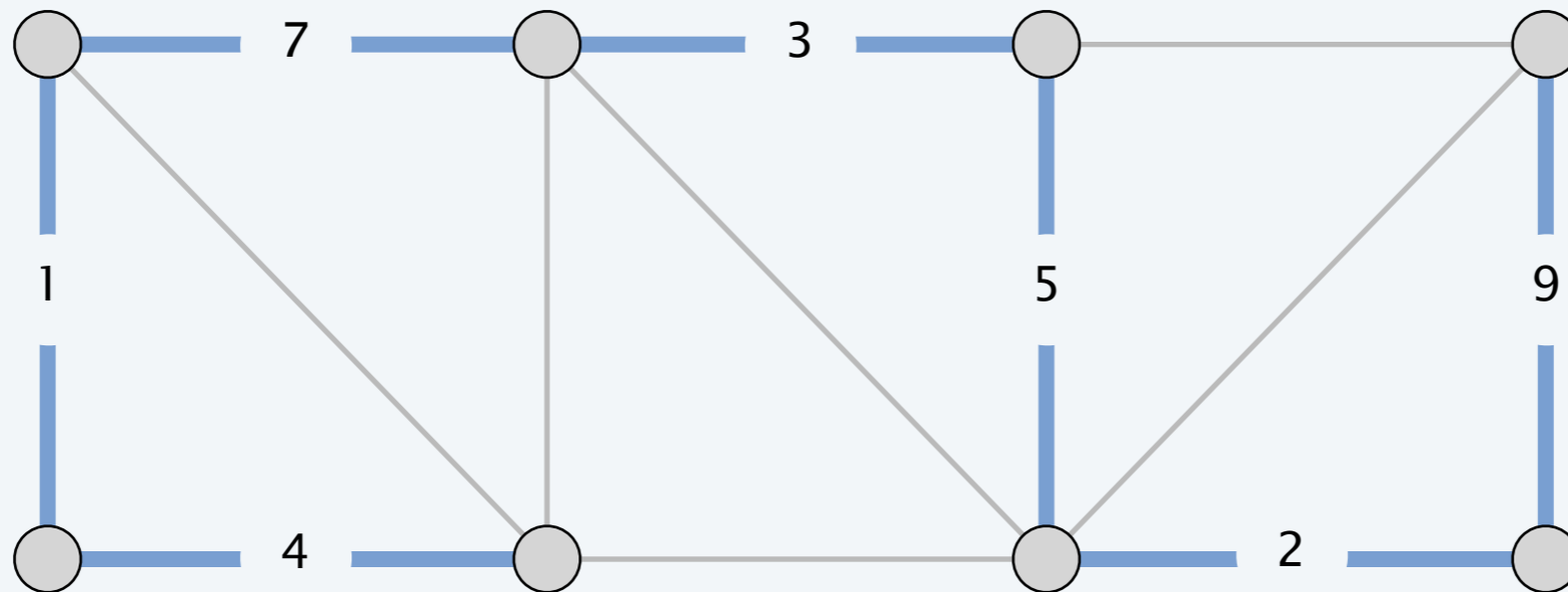
# Prim's algorithm demo

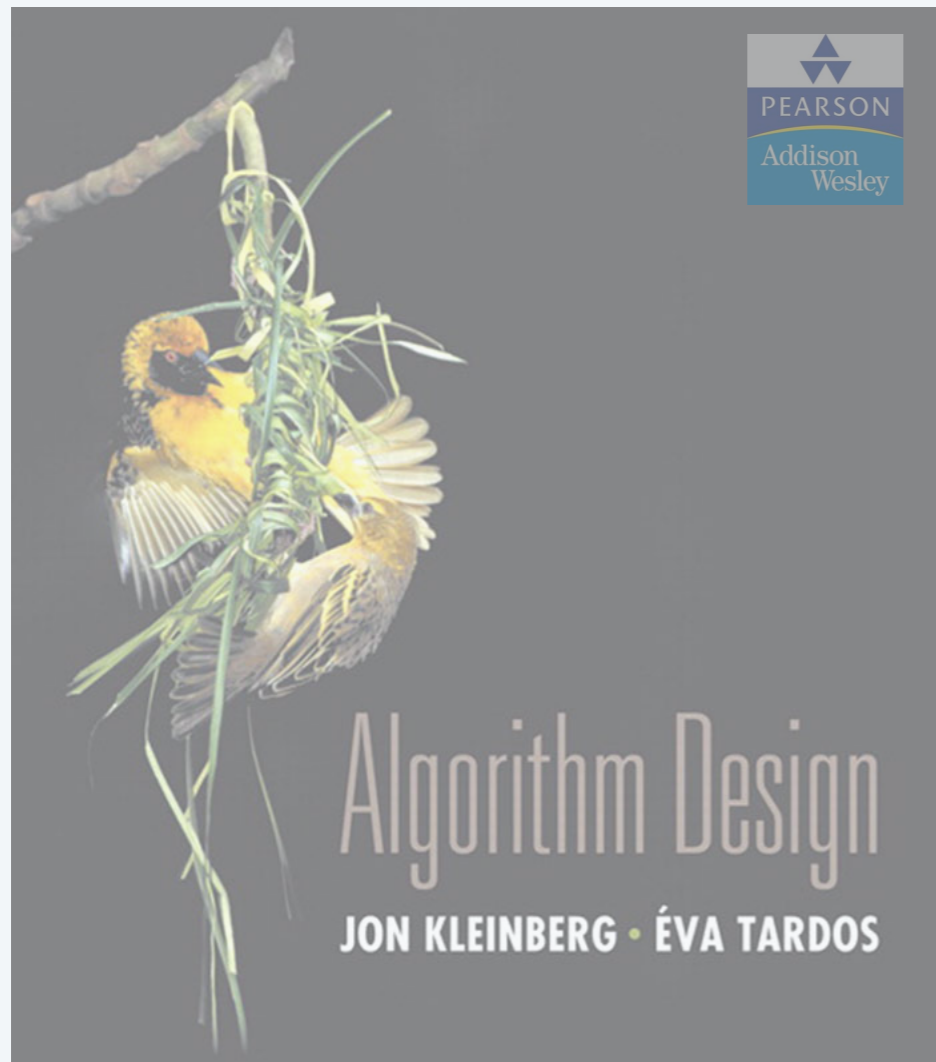
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## SECTION 4.5

# 4. GREEDY ALGORITHMS II

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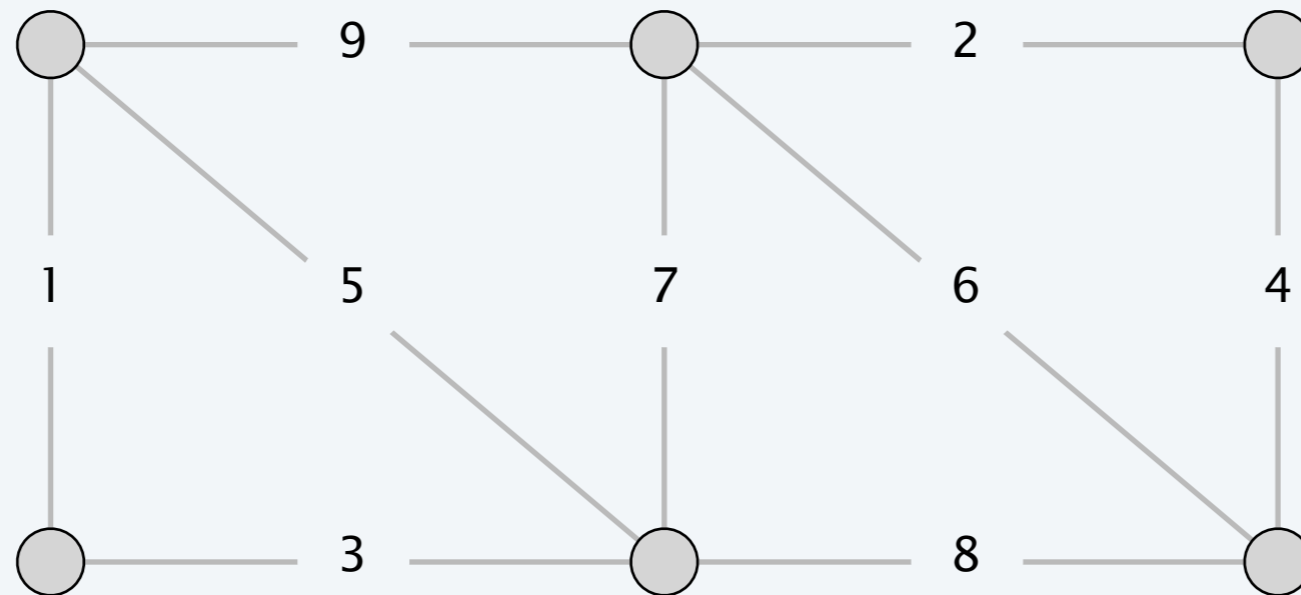
- ▶ *red-rule blue-rule demo*
- ▶ *Prim's algorithm demo*
- ▶ ***Kruskal's algorithm demo***
- ▶ *reverse-delete algorithm demo*
- ▶ *Boruvka's algorithm demo*

# Kruskal's algorithm demo

---

Consider edges in ascending order of weight:

- Add to  $T$  unless it would create a cycle.

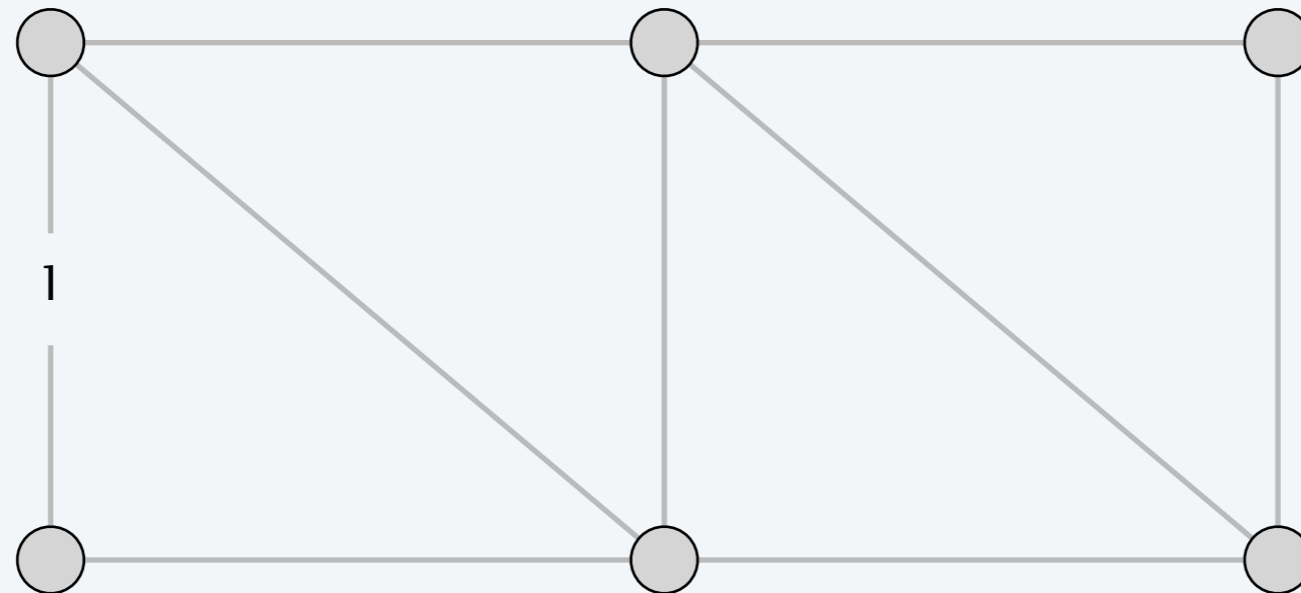


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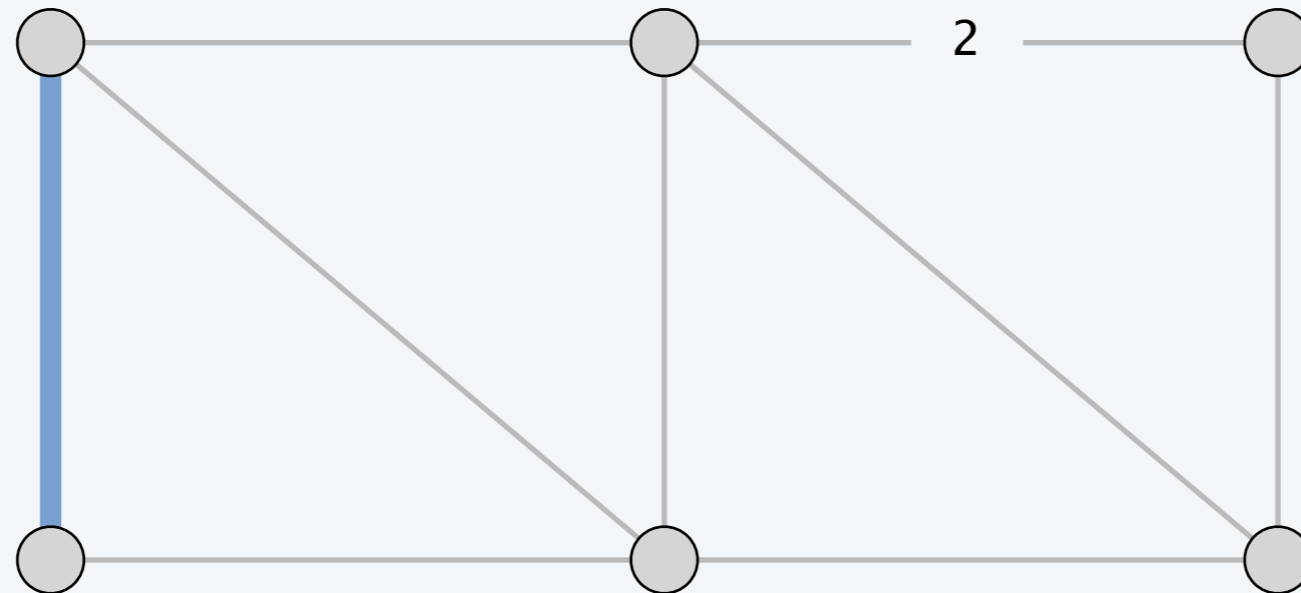


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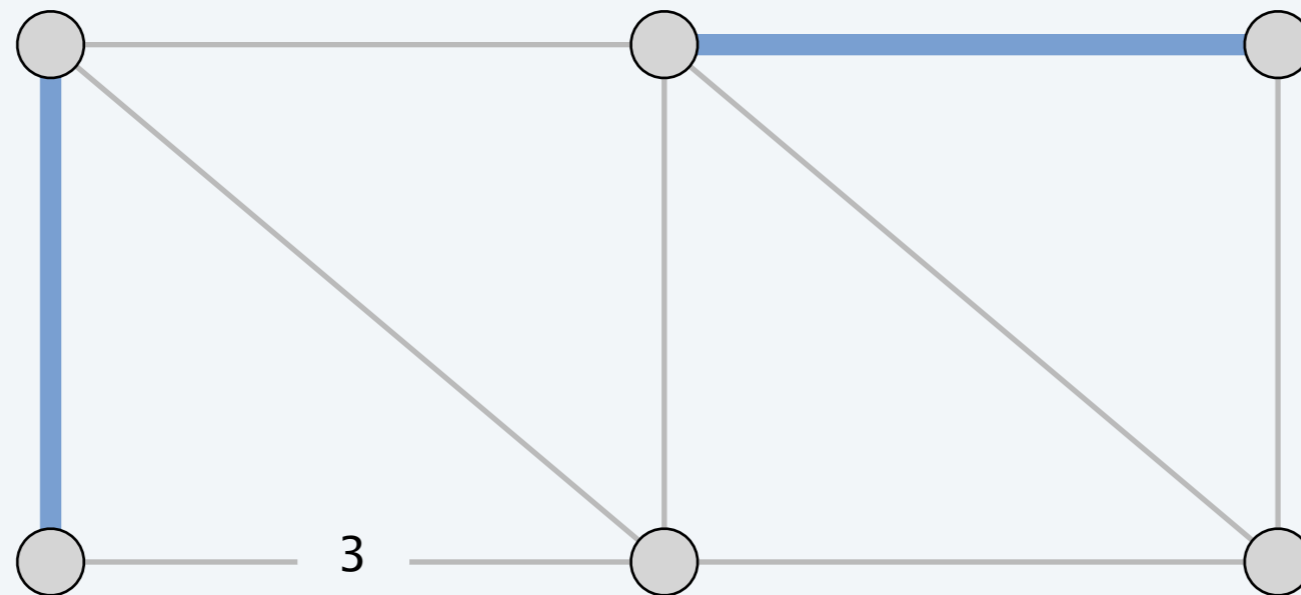


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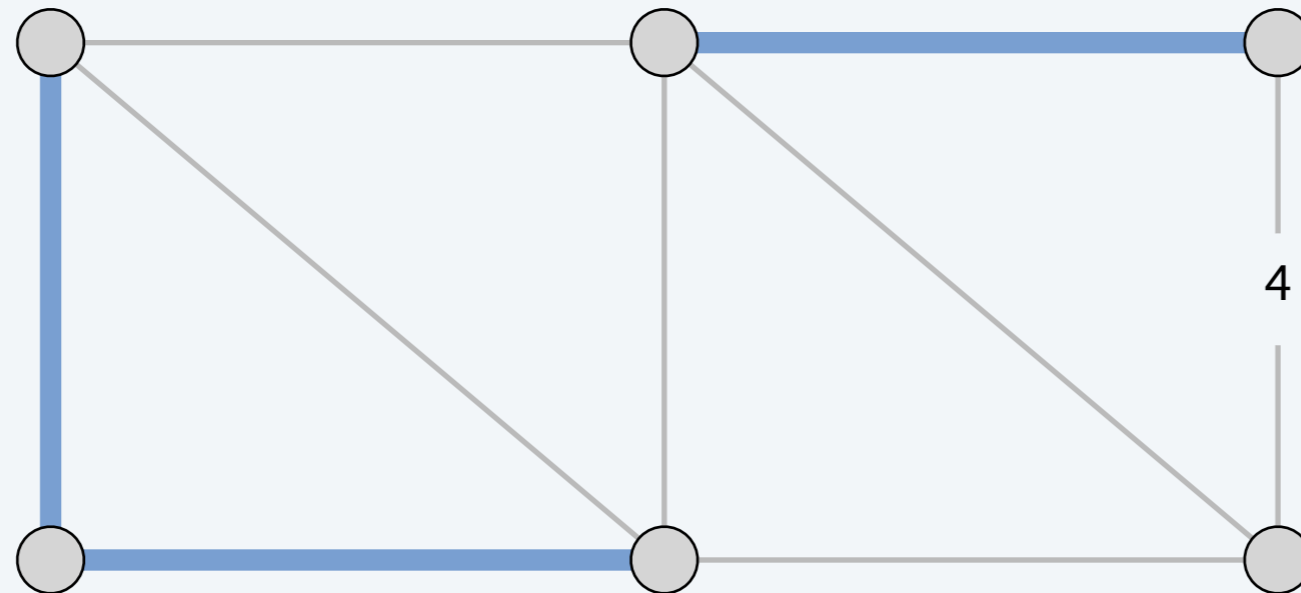


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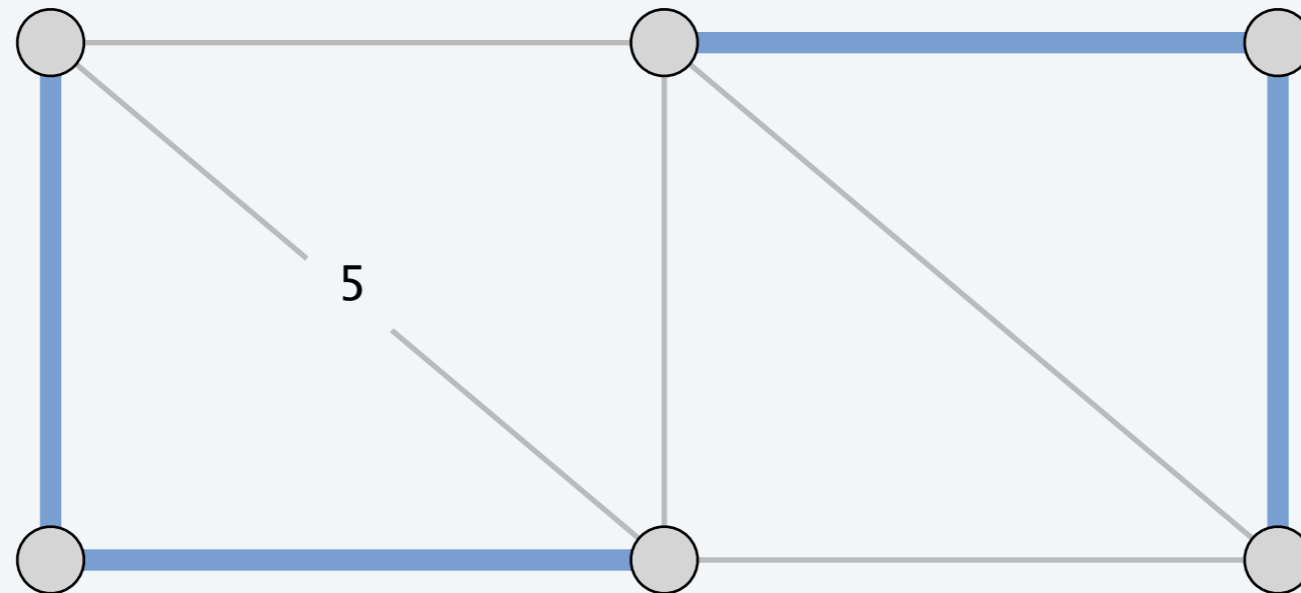


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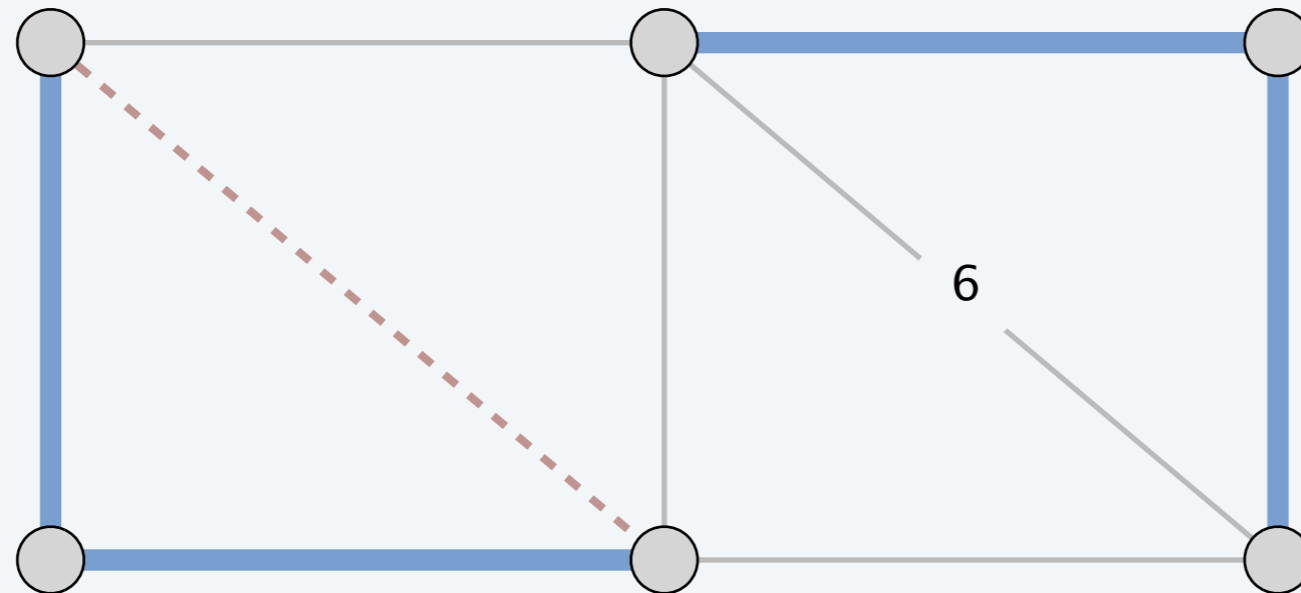


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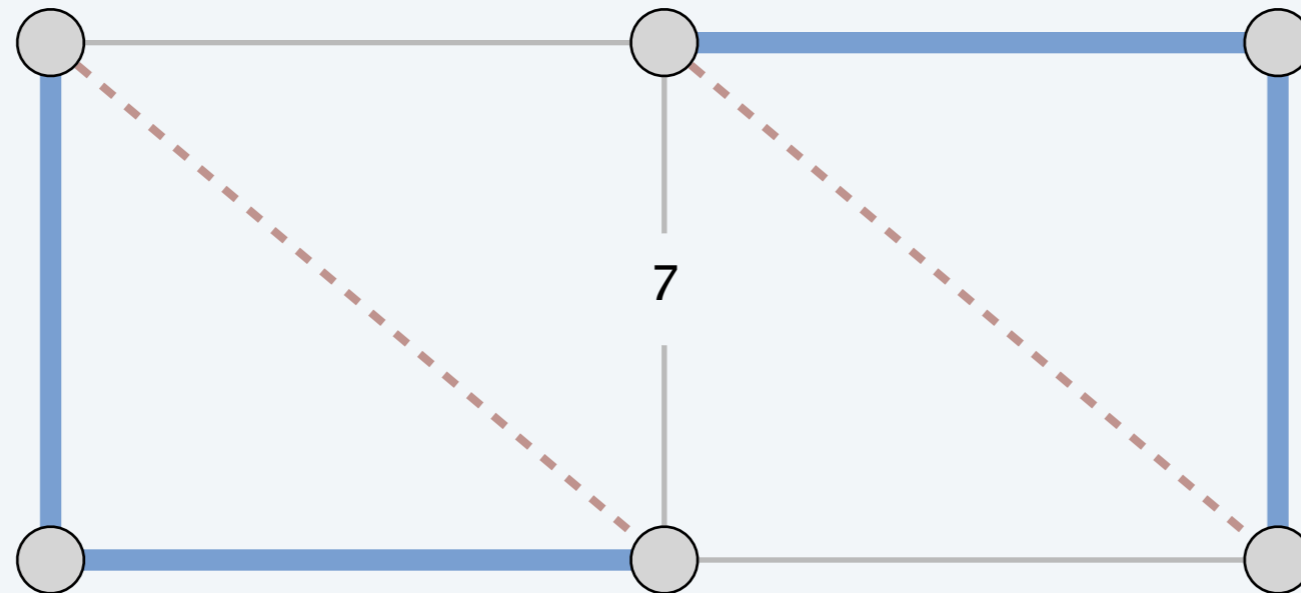


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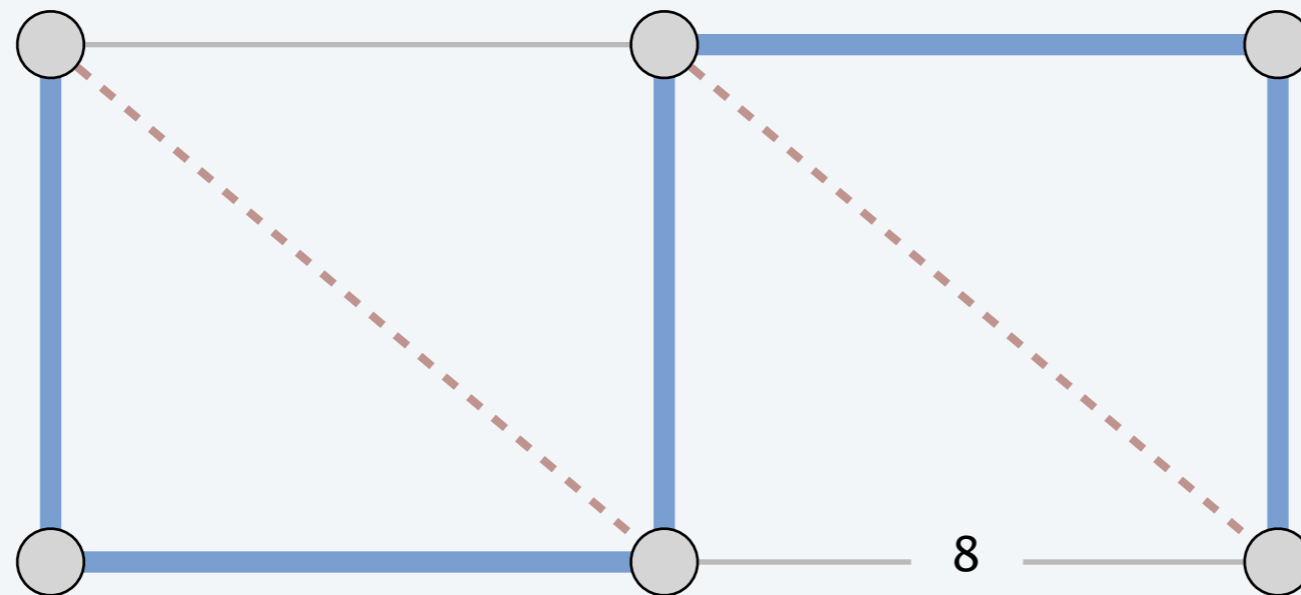


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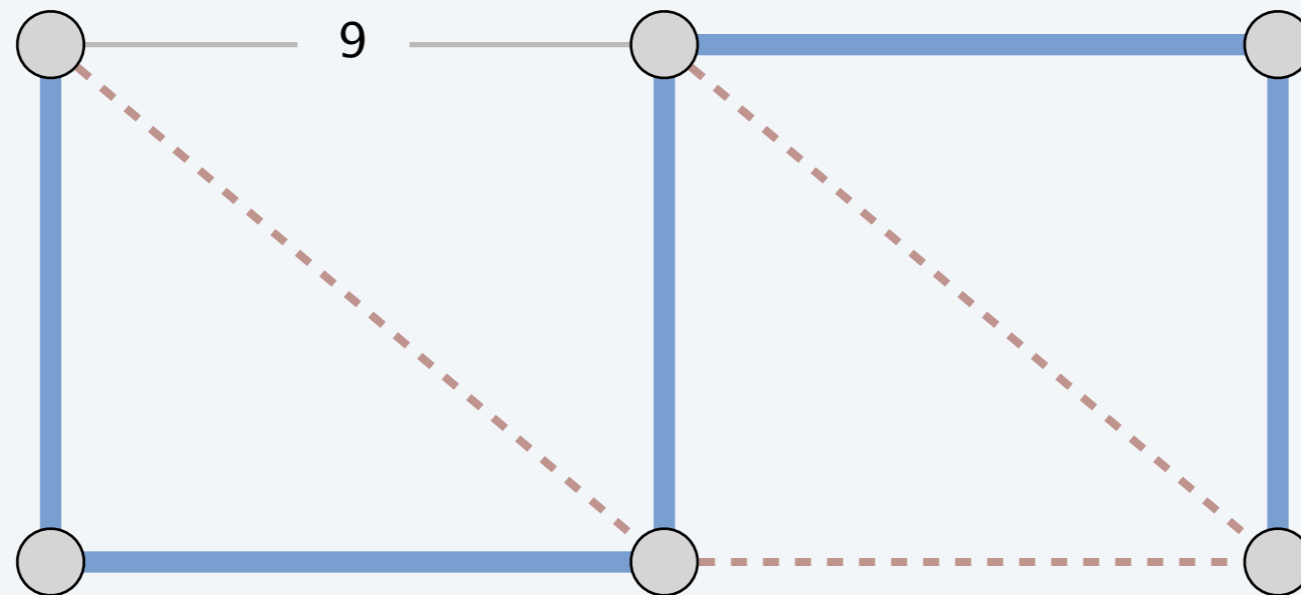


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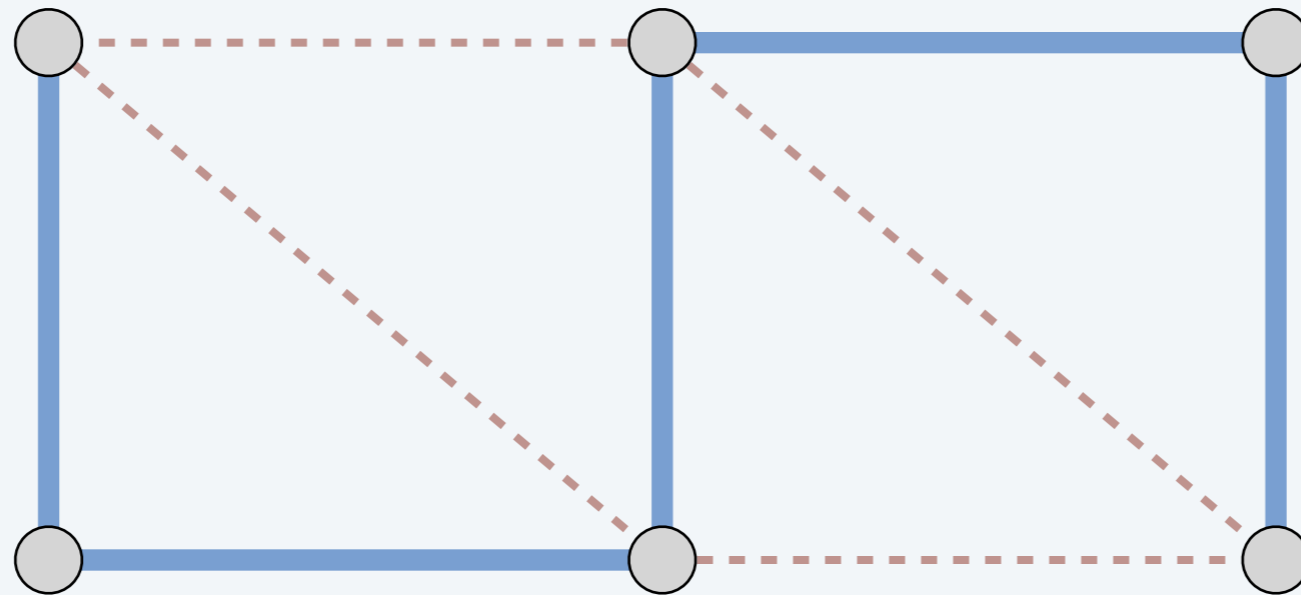


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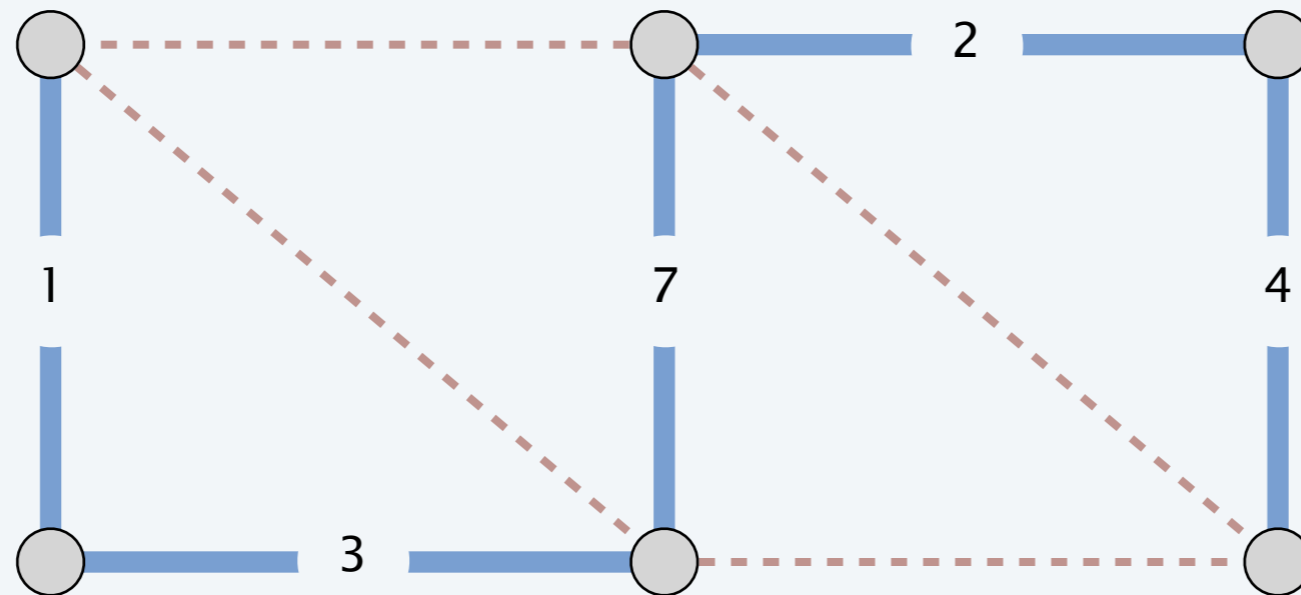


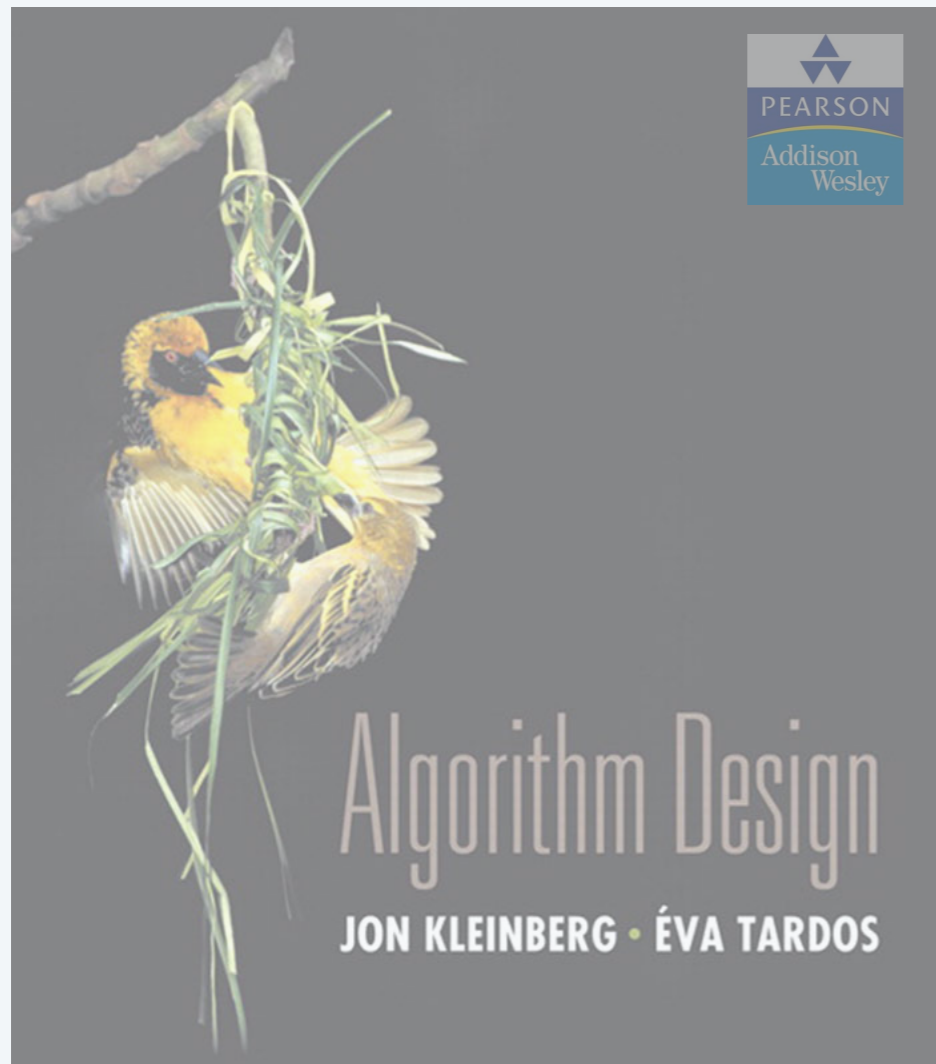
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## SECTION 4.5

# 4. GREEDY ALGORITHMS II

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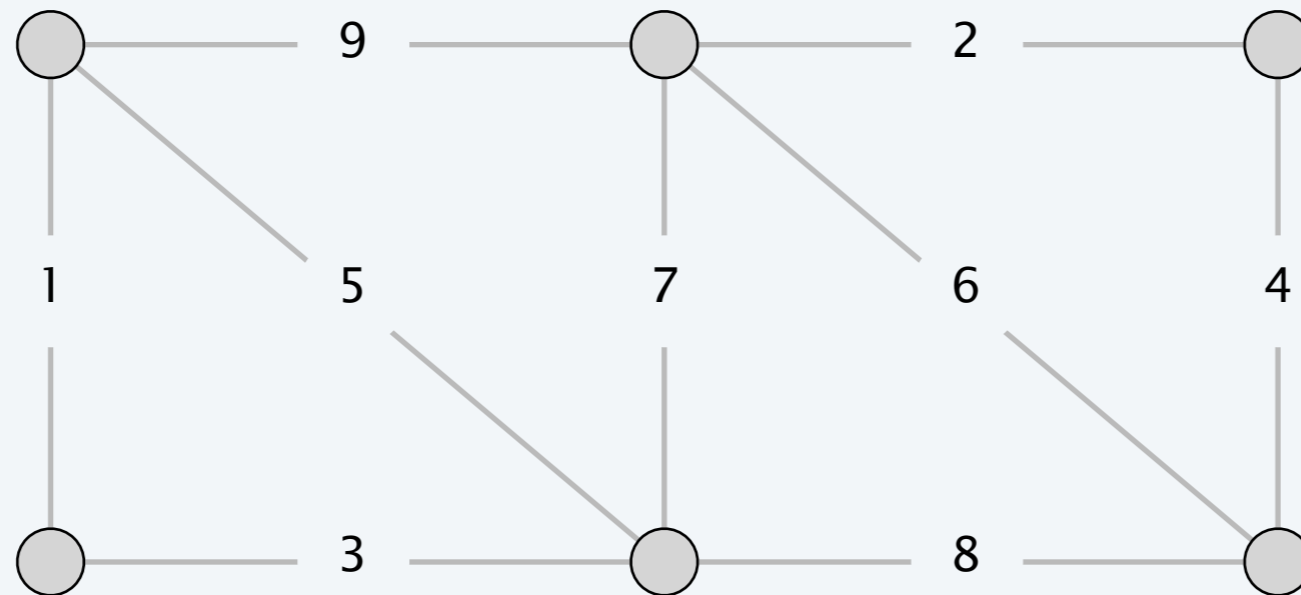
- ▶ *red-rule blue-rule demo*
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- ▶ *Kruskal's algorithm demo*
- ▶ ***reverse-delete algorithm demo***
- ▶ *Boruvka's algorithm demo*

# Reverse-delete algorithm demo

---

Start with all edges in  $T$  and consider them in descending order of weight:

- Delete edge from  $T$  unless it would disconnect  $T$ .



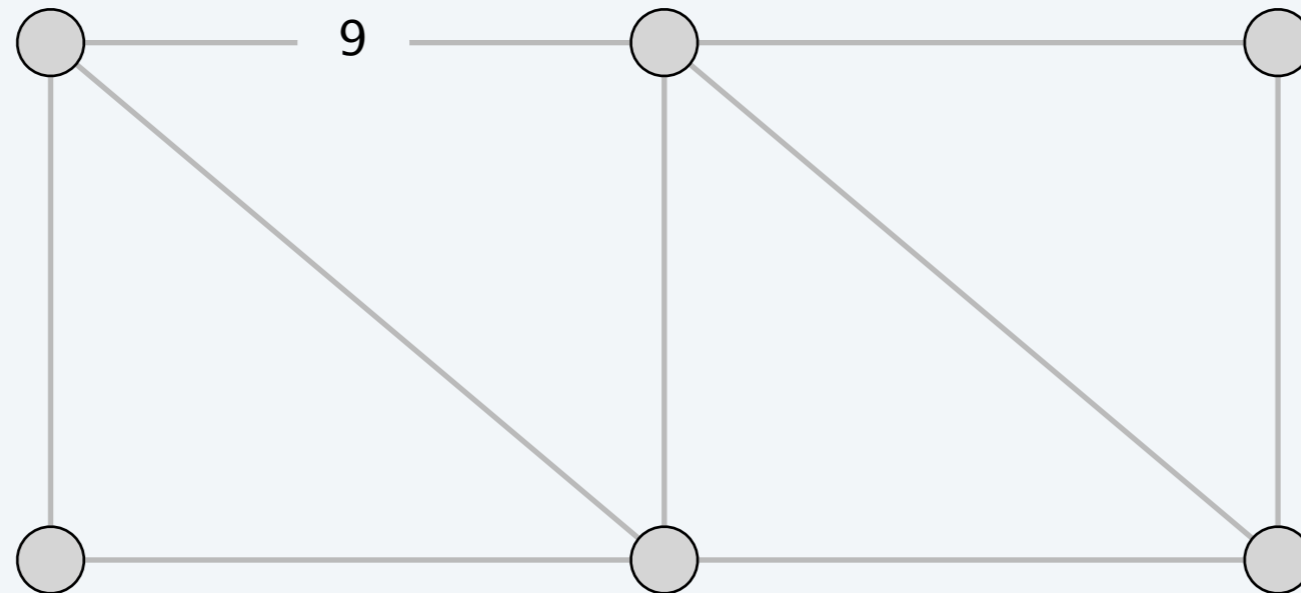


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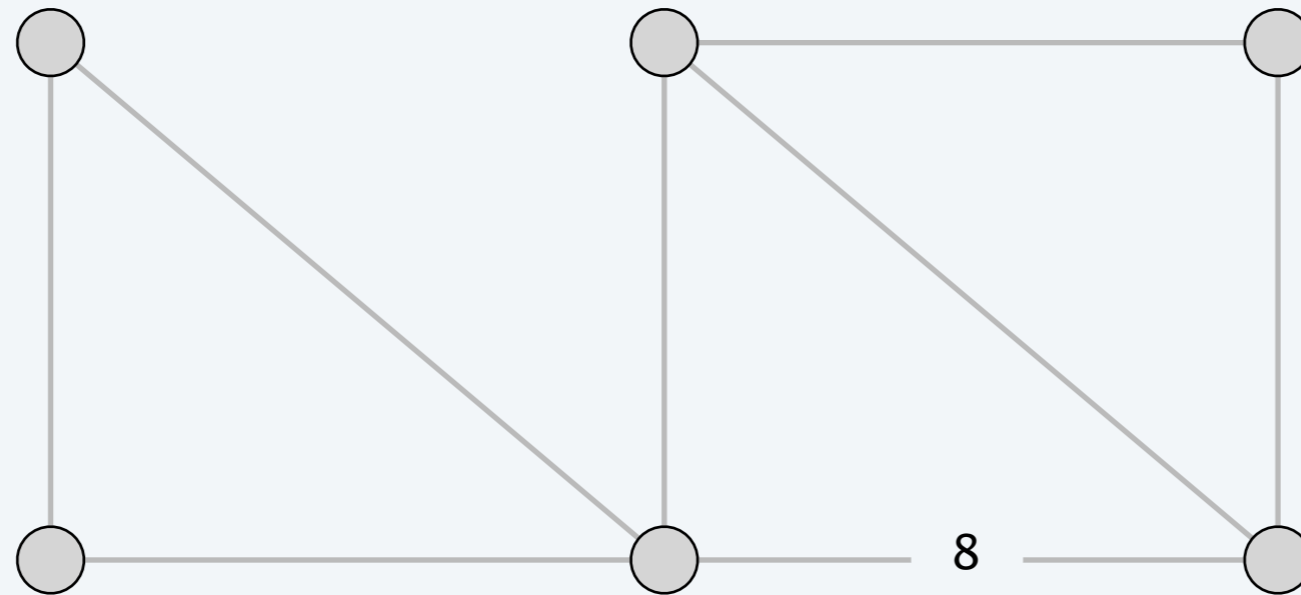


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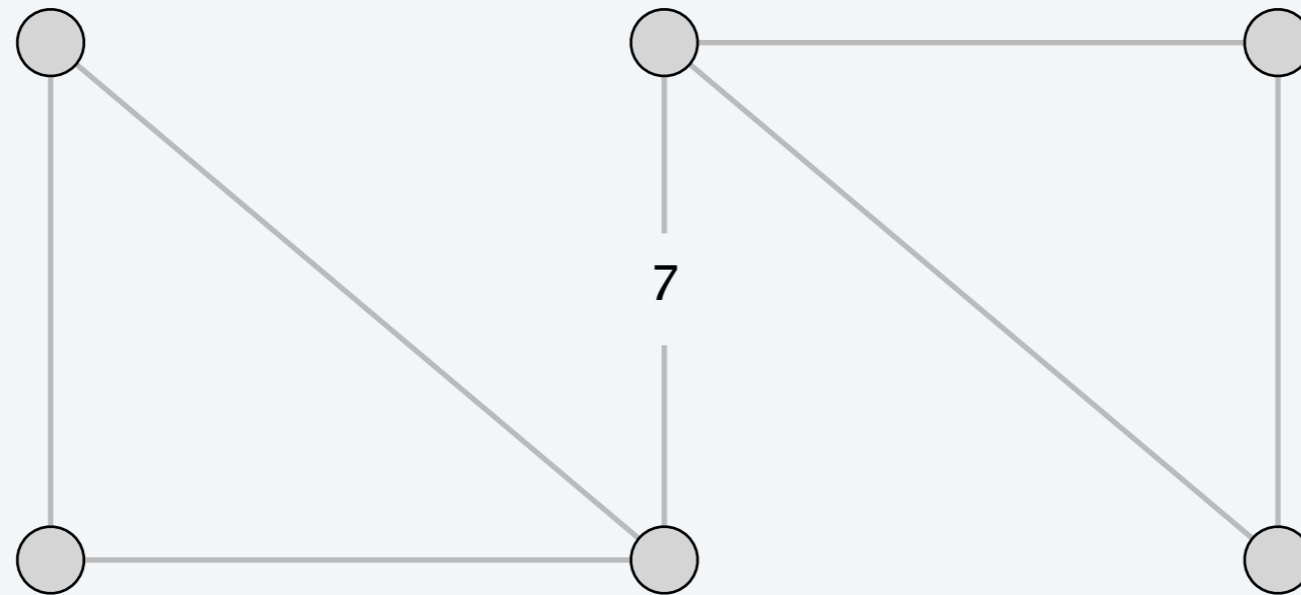


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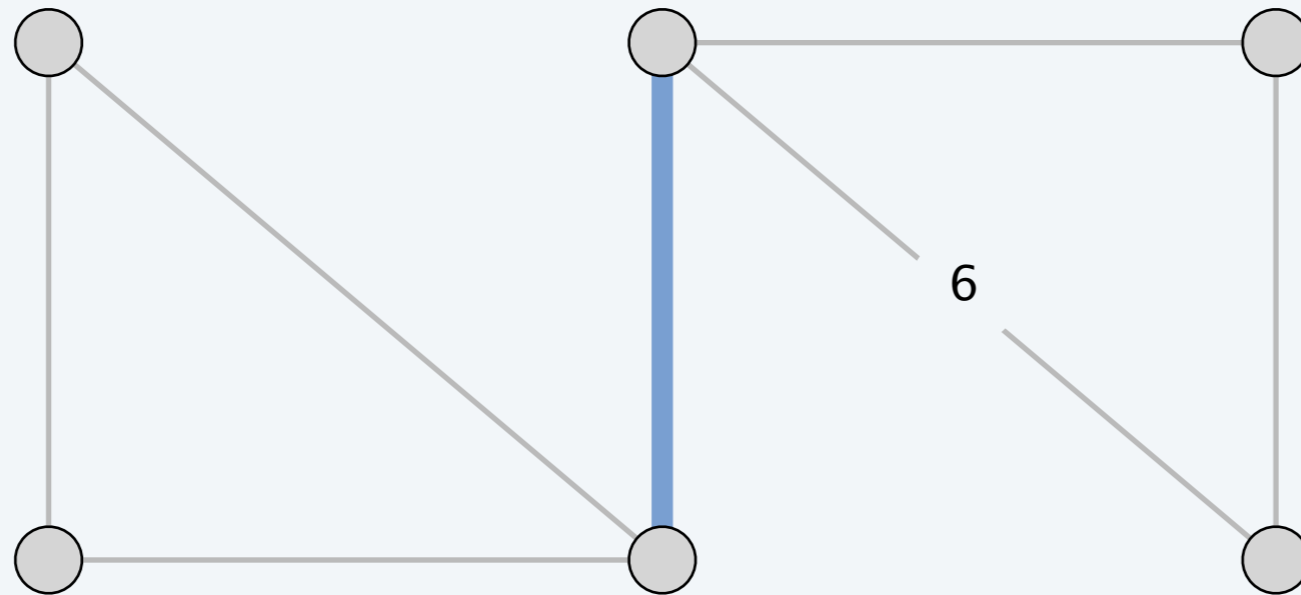


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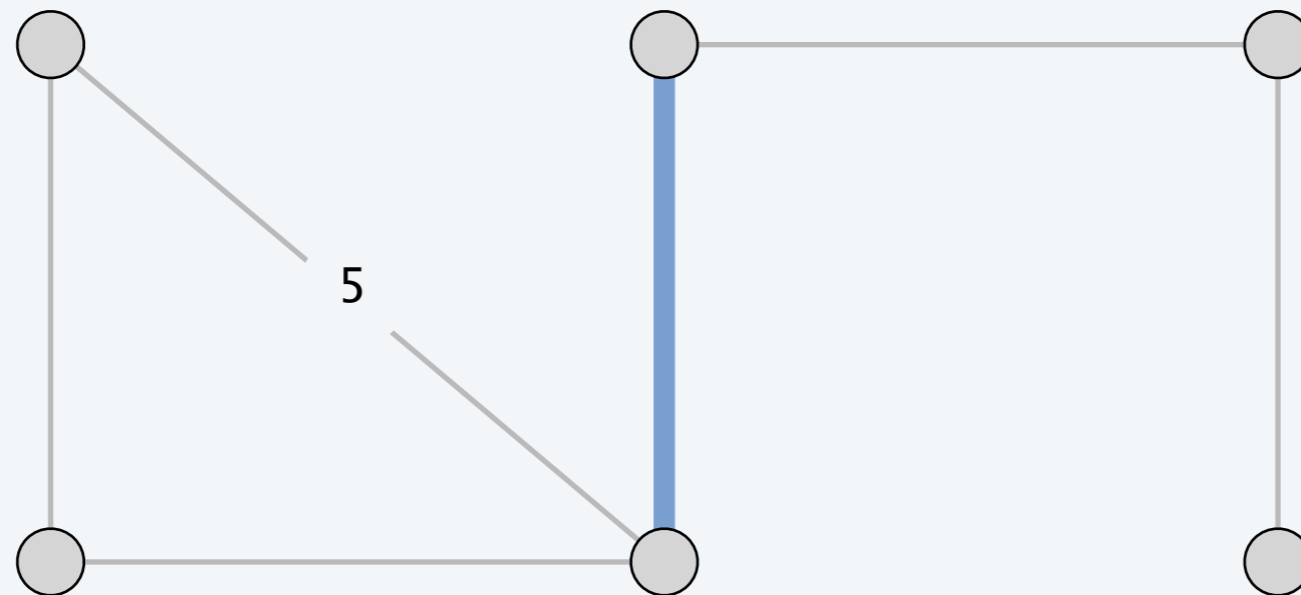


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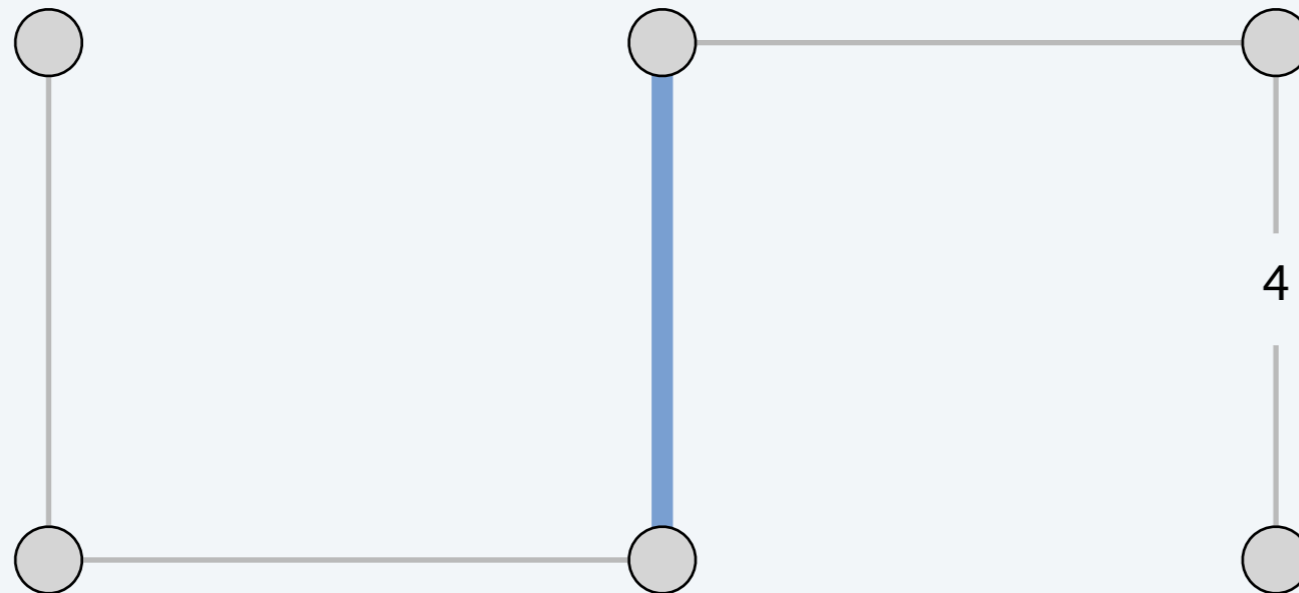


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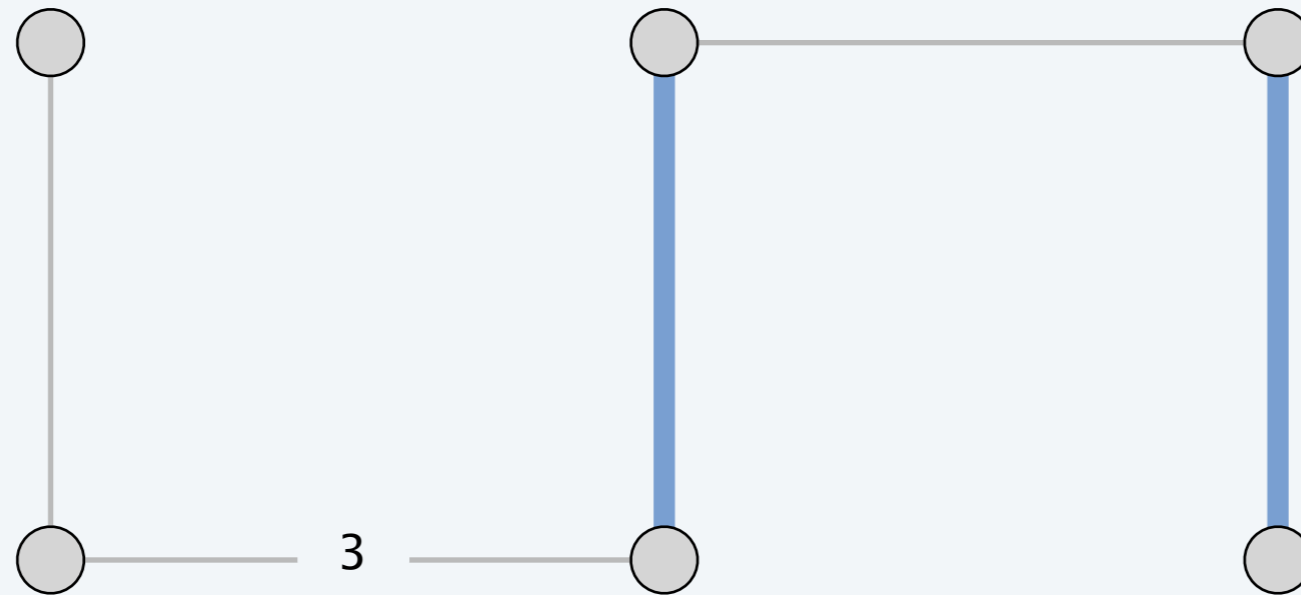


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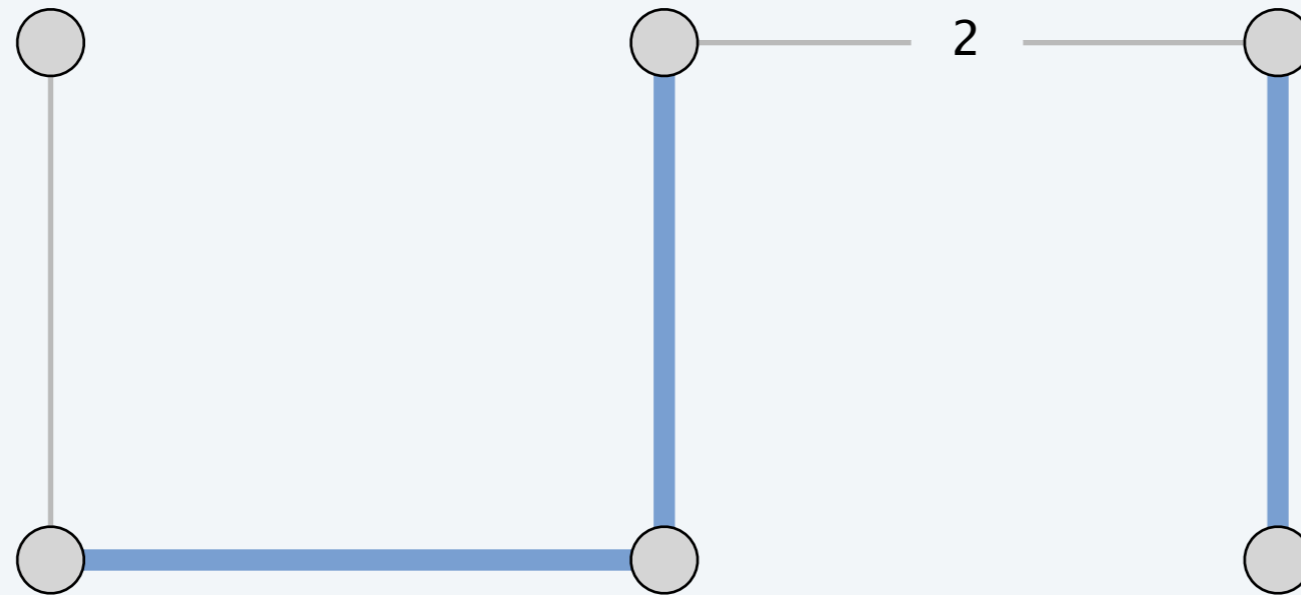


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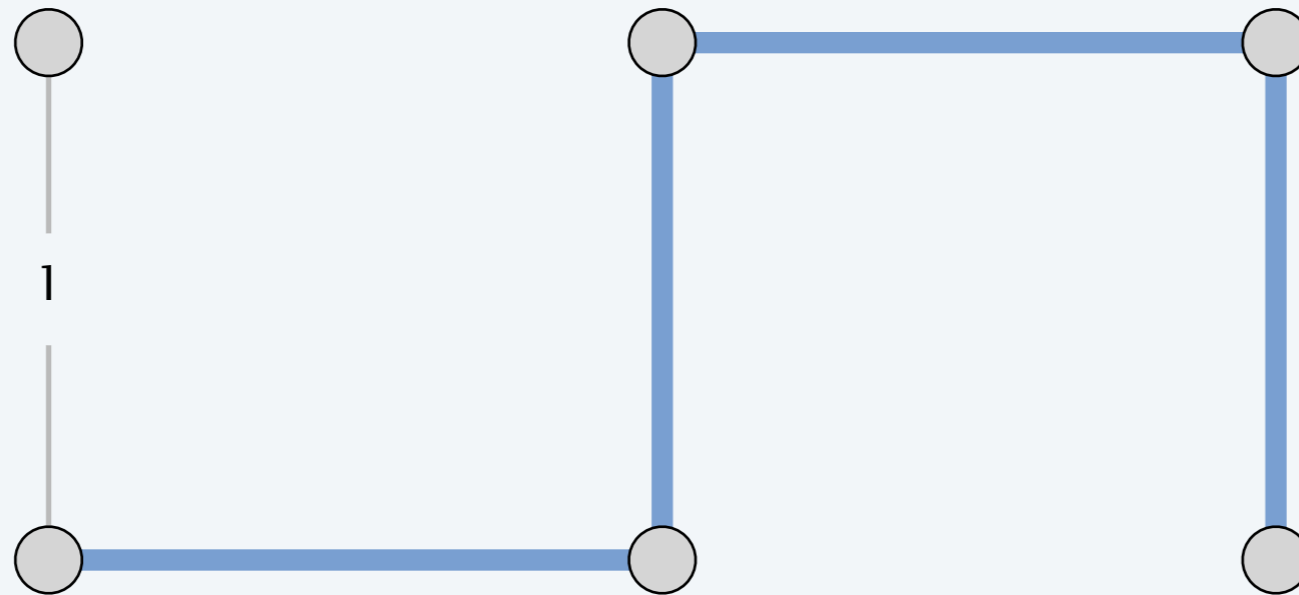


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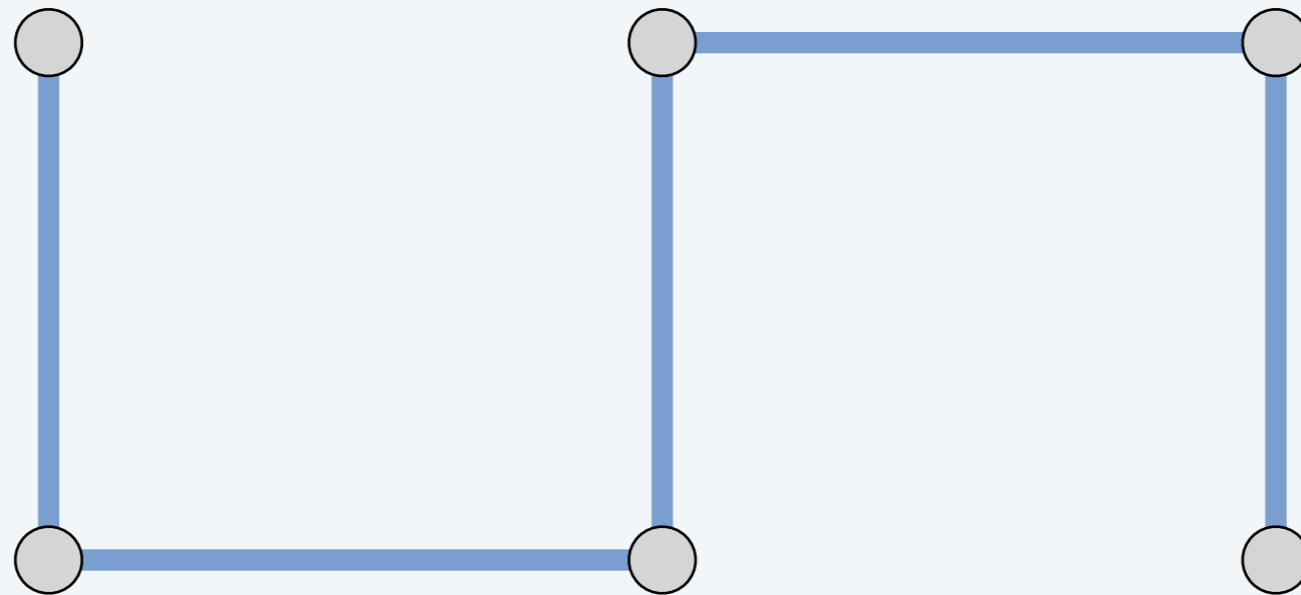


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