

### Part III - Testing ( 30 Points )

Perform white-box testing analysis of the code shown on the next page to generate a set of test cases to thoroughly test the code. Indicate the criteria ( e.g. testing methodology ) you are using to select your test cases.

- `int trilateration( ifstream & infile, ofstream & outfile, double & xmin, double & xmax, double & ymin, double & ymax );`

Reads data from an input file describing a series of triangles, each having a common base plus two other sides that vary from triangle to triangle. The program determines the ( x, y ) coordinates of the peak of each triangle, assuming the base of the triangle extends from the origin along the positive x axis, and writes those values into an output file. The format of the input file is a single line containing the common base length followed by a series of lines containing two sides per line. The function also determines the minimum and maximum values of x and y calculated, thereby determining the range over which the results are spread. The return value is the number of triangles processed, or a negative error code in the event of errors.

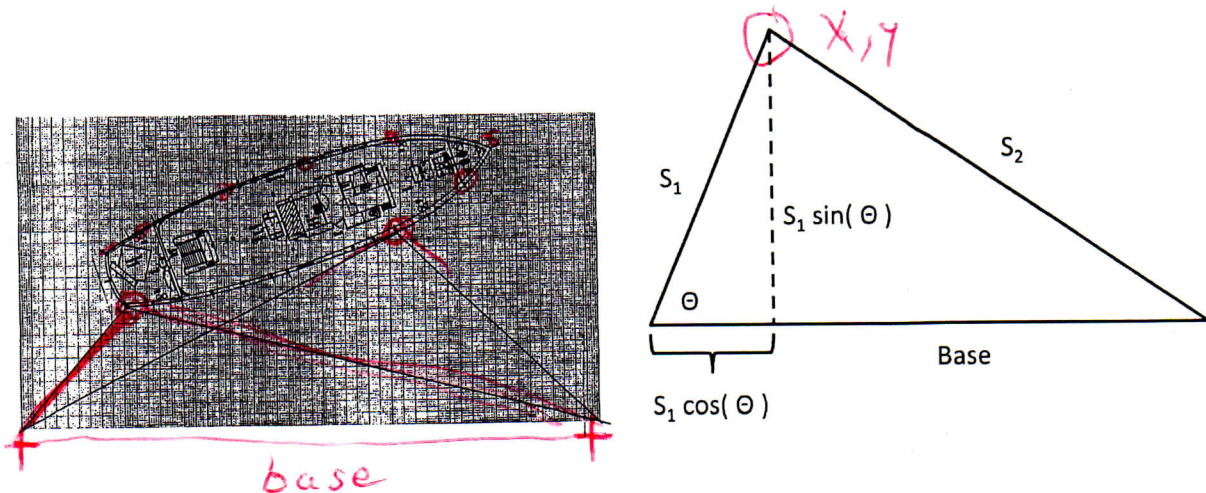
The mathematics for calculating the ( x, y ) values are as follows:

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{Base^2 + S_1^2 - S_2^2}{2 Base S_1} \right) \quad (1)$$

$$X = S_1 \cos(\theta) \quad (2)$$

$$Y = S_1 \sin(\theta) \quad (3)$$

The code is shown on the following page. The following diagrams will be explained in class:



```

int trilateration( ifstream & infile, ofstream & outfile, double & xmin,
double & xmax, double & ymin, double & ymax ) {

double base, side1, side2, theta, x, y;
bool first = true;
int nTriangles = 0;

if( !infile.good( ) || !outfile.good( ) )
return -1;

// First read in the base length, then loop to read in triangle data
infile >> base;

while( infile >> side1 >> side2 ) // Exits loop on end of file
{
// Cosine law and basic trigonometry

theta = acos( ( base * base + side1 * side1 - side2 * side2 )
/ ( 2.0 * base * side1 ) );
x = side1 * cos( theta );
y = side1 * sin( theta );

// Initialize the extrema on the first pass through the loop
if( first ) {
xmin = xmax = x;
ymin = ymax = y;
first = false;
}

// Update the extrema if a new one is found
xmin = x < xmin ? x : xmin;
xmax = x > xmax ? x : xmax;
ymin = y < ymin ? y : ymin;
ymax = y > ymax ? y : ymax;











// Output the results to the output file and increase the counter
outfile << x << "\t" << y << endl;
nTriangles++;

} // end of while reading file
return nTriangles;
}

```

# Testing

Start with black box tests, based on functionality and inputs:

Test	Inputs	Expected Results
BB-0	<p>All valid inputs with valid data in file:</p> <p>Base = 10.0</p> <p>Sides = 10.0, 10.0 </p> <p>10, 5 </p> <p>5, 10 </p> <p> 7.5, 12.5 </p> <p> 12.5, 7.5 </p> <p>7.5, 15 </p> <p>15, 7.5 </p>	<p><math>x = 5 \quad y = 5\sqrt{3}</math></p> <p><math>5 &lt; x &lt; 10 \quad y &lt; 5\sqrt{3}</math></p> <p>opposite of above</p> <p><math>x = \emptyset, y = 7.5</math> (3-4-5 <math>\Delta</math>)</p> <p><math>x = 10, y = 7.5</math> "</p> <p><math>x &lt; 0 \quad y &lt; 7.5</math></p> <p><math>x &gt; 10 \quad y &lt; 7.5</math></p> <p>return value: 7</p> <p><math>x_{min} &lt; \emptyset</math></p> <p><math>x_{max} &gt; 10</math></p> <p><math>y_{min}, y_{max} &gt; \emptyset</math> and correct</p>
BB-1	<p>Degenerate but valid <math>\Delta</math></p> <p>Base = 10 </p> <p>Sides = 3, 7</p> <p>3, 13</p> <p>13, 3</p>	<p><math>x = 3, y = \emptyset</math></p> <p><math>x = -3, y = \emptyset</math></p> <p><math>x = 13, y = \emptyset</math></p> <p>return 3</p> <p><math>x_{min} = -3 \quad x_{max} = 13</math></p> <p><math>y_{min} = y_{max} = \emptyset</math></p>

Test	Inputs	Results
BB-2	Valid but empty file	No output return $\langle \emptyset$ min, max unchanged
BB-3	Invalid input/output files	"
BB-4		
BB-5	Valid input file w some valid $\Delta$ and some invalid Same data as BB- $\emptyset$ , followed by size = 1, 2 10, 10	Output for initial valid $\Delta$ s up to first bad $\Delta$ only  return $\langle \emptyset$ min, max correct for output results only Good data after but ignored
BB-6	Same as BB-5, replacing 1, 2 with:	Same as for BB-5, with different negative return codes
BB-7		
BB-8		
BB-9		
	-10, 10	
	10, -10	
	20, 5	
	5, 20	
BB-10	Base = -10	Same as BB-2, with different return code.



# White Box Testing

Examine code to identify additional cases not yet covered;

Test	Inputs	Results
WB-1	valid base, but no sides	Same as BB-2
WB-2	" " , 1 side only	" "
WB-3	" " , some valid sides, last row one side only	Valid results up to last row. Warning.
WB-4	Base = $\emptyset, \emptyset$	Same as BB-2, different results $\emptyset$
WB-5	Base = 10, side = 0, 10	$X = \emptyset, Y = \emptyset$
WB-6	Base = 10, side = 10, $\emptyset$	$X = 10, Y = \emptyset$
WB-7	First $\Delta$ has max Y Base = 10, side = 50, 50	$X = 5, Y = \max Y = \sqrt{50^2 - 25}$
WB-8, 9, 10	First $\Delta$ has min Y, max X, min X	Correct Results. Also make sure tests above find extrema after 1 <sup>st</sup> $\Delta$ .
WB-11	Only 1 triangle	min X = max X = X " Y = " Y = Y return = 1.